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Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

Attached is the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for Clinton Power Station (CPS) for the period of January 1, 2001, through December 31, 2001. This submittal is provided in accordance with the requirements of section 5.6.3 of the CPS Technical Specifications.

Respectfully,



Michael J. Pacilio
Plant Manager
Clinton Power Station

RSF/blf

Attachment

cc: Regional Administrator, Region III
NRC Senior Resident Inspector - Clinton Power Station
Office of Nuclear Facility Safety - Illinois Department of Nuclear Safety

JE48

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**Clinton Power Station
2001 Annual
Radioactive Effluent
Release Report**

01 January 2001 – 31 December 2001

**ANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE
REPORT**

FOR THE
CLINTON POWER STATION

Prepared by:

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Chemistry Department

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SECTION 1

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SECTION 1

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report is a detailed description of gaseous and liquid radioactive releases from the Clinton Power Station (CPS) and the resulting radiation doses for the period of 01 January 2001 through 31 December 2001. This report also includes a detailed meteorological section providing weather history of the surrounding area during this period. This information is used to calculate the dose to the public.

The report also includes a summary of the amounts of radioactive material contained in solid waste that is packaged and shipped to a federally approved disposal / burial facility offsite. Additionally, this report notifies the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) staff of changes to CPS's Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) and exceptions to the CPS effluent monitoring program that must be reported in accordance with ODCM Remedial Requirements 2.7.1.b and 3.9.2.b.

The NRC requires that nuclear power facilities are to be designed, constructed, and operated in such a manner as to maintain the amount of radioactive material in effluent releases to unrestricted areas As Low As Reasonably Achievable (ALARA). To ensure compliance with this criteria, the NRC has established limitations governing the release of radioactivity in effluents.

During 2001, CPS operations were well within these federally required limits. The maximum radiation dose delivered to the inhabitants of the area surrounding CPS, due to radioactivity released from the station, was 2.58E-3 mRem. The radiation dose to the public in the vicinity of CPS was calculated by using the concentration of radioactive nuclides in each gaseous effluent release coupled with historical weather conditions. The dose from CPS gaseous effluents was only a small fraction of the limit for the maximum exposed member of the public. There were **no liquid effluent releases** in 2001. As such, there was no dose to the public from the liquid effluent pathway.

SECTION 2

INTRODUCTION

SECTION 2

INTRODUCTION

CPS is located in Harp Township, DeWitt County approximately six (6) miles east of the city of Clinton in east-central Illinois. CPS is a 985 megawatt gross electrical power output boiling water reactor. General Electric supplied the generating unit with Sargent and Lundy Engineers serving as architect-engineer and Baldwin Associates as the constructor. Construction of CPS began in the mid 1970's. Initial fuel load commenced in September of 1986 with initial criticality of the reactor occurring on 27 February 1987. Commercial operation commenced in April 1987 and the reactor reached 100% power for the first time on 15 September 1987.

CPS releases airborne effluents via two (2) gaseous effluent release points to the environment. They are the Common Station Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) Stack and the Standby Gas Treatment System (SGTS) Vent (see Figure 1). Each gaseous effluent release point is continuously monitored consisting of a surveillance program of periodic sampling and analysis as specified in the ODCM.

Although CPS has the ability to release liquid effluents in the batch mode, there were no liquid releases in 2001 at CPS. Each release would have been sampled and analyzed prior to release. Depending upon the amount of activity in a release, liquid effluents would vary from 10 to 60 gallons per minute (GPM) or 50 to 300 GPM. This volume is then further combined with both Plant Service Water flow (a minimum of approximately 5,000 GPM) along with Plant Circulating Water flow (0 to 567,000 GPM) in the seal well, just prior to entering the 3.4 mile discharge flume into Lake Clinton (see Figure 2).

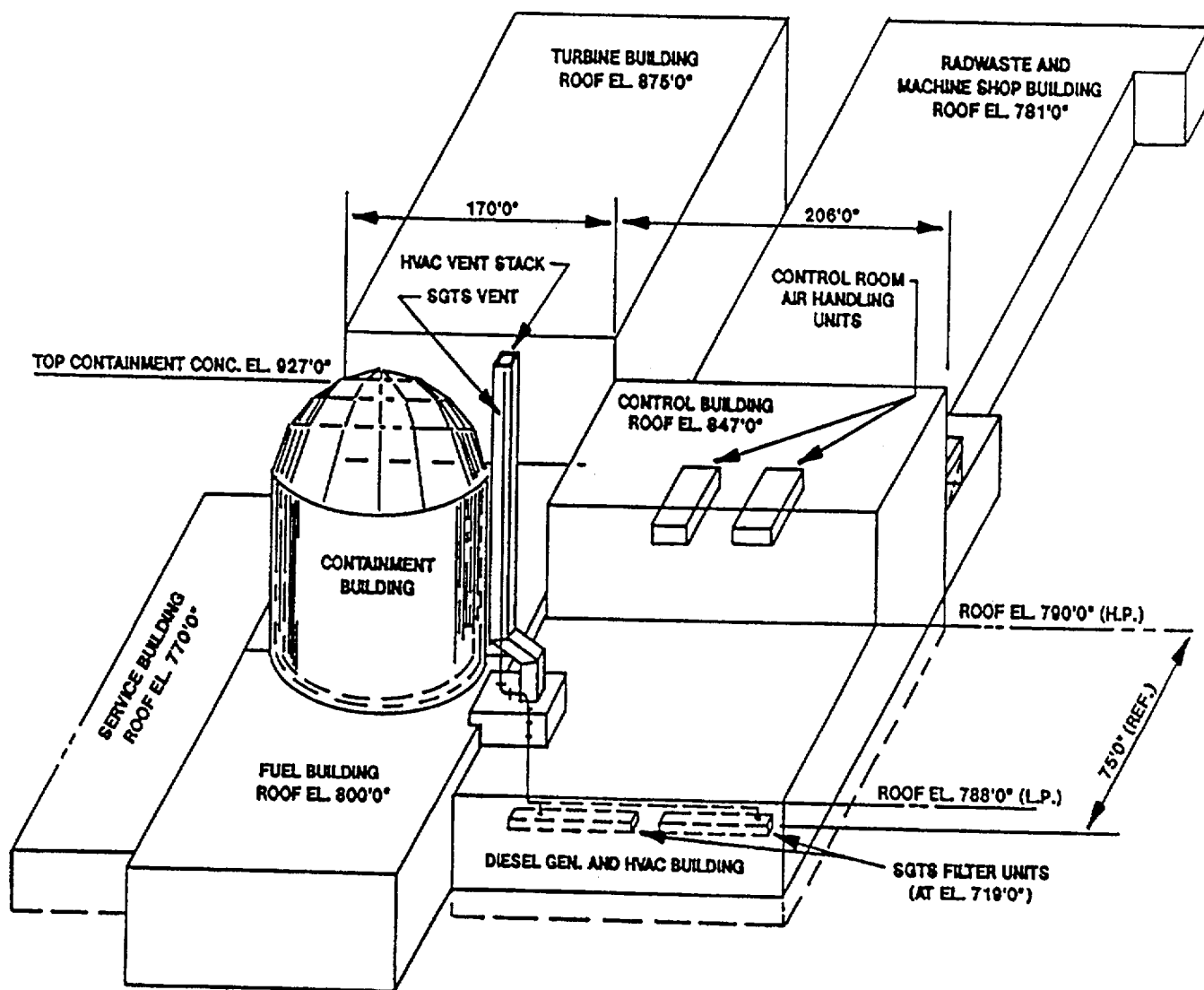
Processing and Monitoring

CPS strictly controls effluents to ensure radioactivity released to the environment is maintained ALARA and does not exceed federal release limit criteria. Effluent controls include the operation of radiation monitoring systems within the plant as well as an offsite environmental sampling and analysis programs. In-plant radiation monitoring systems are used to provide a continuous indication of radioactivity in effluent streams. Some are also used to collect particulate and radioiodine samples. Radioactive effluent related samples are analyzed in a laboratory to identify the specific concentration of those radionuclides being released. Sampling and analyses provides for a more sensitive and precise method of determining effluent composition to complement the information provided by real-time radiation monitoring instruments.

Beyond the plant itself, a Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program (REMP) is maintained in accordance with Federal Regulations. The basic purpose of the REMP program is to assess the radiological impact on the environment due to the operation of CPS. Implicit in this purpose is the federal regulatory requirement to trend and assess radiation exposure rates and radioactivity concentrations that may contribute to dose to the public. The program consists of two phases, pre-operational and operational. During the pre-operational phase of the program, the baseline for the local radiation environment was established. The operational phase of the program includes the objective of making confirmatory measurements to verify that the in-plant controls for the release of radioactive material are functioning as designed. Assessment of the operational impact of CPS on the environment is based on data collected since initial criticality of the reactor.

Figure 1

CPS AIRBORNE EFFLUENT RELEASE POINTS

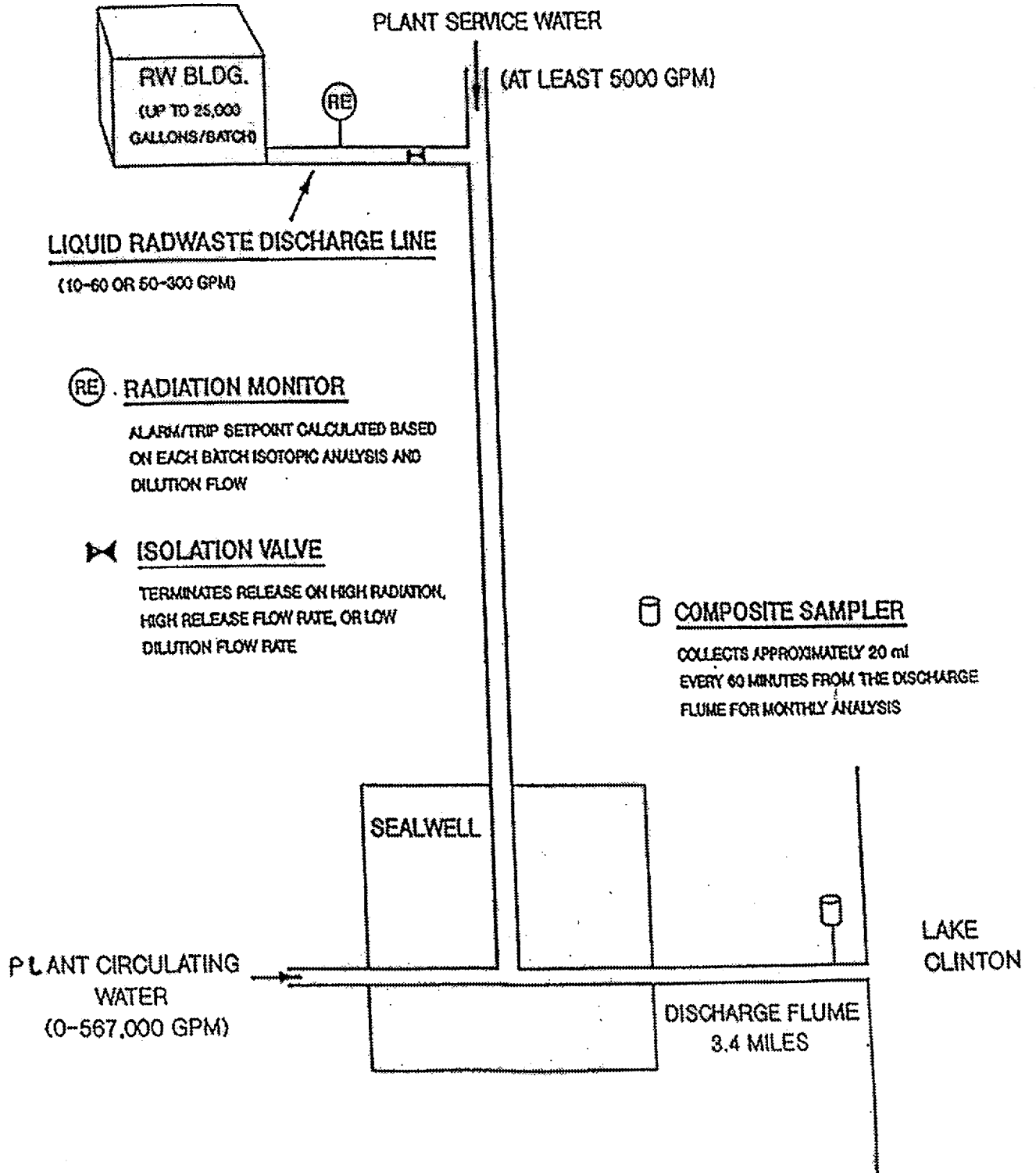


	HVAC Exhaust Stack	SGTS Exhaust Stack
Release Point Height (feet)	200	200
Building Height (feet)	190	190
Release Point Geometry	Duct	Pipe
Release Point Area (ft ²)	120	2
Release Point Diameter (feet)	12*	1
Annual Average Flow Rate (ft ³ /sec)	2,738	73
Vertical Exit Velocity (feet/sec)	33	41

* Effective $2(A/\pi)^{1/2}$ diameter

Figure 2

CPS WATERBORNE EFFLUENTS RELEASE PATHWAY



Exposure Pathways

A radiological exposure pathway is the vehicle by which people may become exposed to radioactivity released from nuclear facilities. The major pathways of concern are those which could cause the highest calculated radiation dose. These pathways are determined from the type and amount of radioactivity released, the environmental transport mechanism, and how the plant environs are used (i.e., residence, gardens, etc.). The environmental transport mechanism includes the historical meteorological characteristics of the area which are defined by wind speed and wind direction. This information is used to evaluate how the radionuclides will be distributed within the surrounding area. The most important factor in evaluating the exposure pathway is the use of the environment by the public living around CPS. Factors such as location of homes in the area, use of cattle for milk, and the growing of gardens for vegetable consumption are very important considerations when evaluating exposure pathways. Figure 3 illustrates the various effluent exposure pathways that were considered.

The radioactive gaseous effluent exposure pathways include direct radiation, deposition on plants and soil, and inhalation by animals and humans. The radioactive liquid effluent exposure pathways include fish consumption and direct exposure from Lake Clinton.

Dose Assessment

Whole body radiation involves the exposure of all organs in the human body to ionizing radiation. Most naturally occurring background radiation exposures consist of whole body exposure although specific organs can receive radiation exposure from distinct radionuclides. These radionuclides enter the body through inhalation and ingestion and seek different organs depending on the nuclide. For example, radioactive iodine selectively concentrates in the thyroid, radioactive cesium collects in muscle and liver tissue, and radioactive strontium in mineralized bone.

The total dose to organs from a given radionuclide also depends on the amount of activity in the organ and the amount of time that the radionuclide remains in the body. Some radionuclides remain for very short periods of time due to their rapid radioactive decay and / or elimination rate from the body, while others may remain longer.

The radiation dose to the public in the area surrounding CPS is calculated for each release using historical weather conditions coupled with the concentrations of radioactive material present. The dose is calculated for all sixteen geographical sectors surrounding CPS and takes into consideration the location of the nearest residents, vegetable gardens producing broad leaf vegetables and dairy animals in all sectors. The calculated dose also uses the concept of a "maximum exposed individual" and "standard man", and the maximum use factors for the environment, such as how much milk an average person drinks and how much air that person breathes throughout the course of a year.

Section 6 contains more detailed information on dose to the public.

Gaseous Effluents

Gaseous effluent radioactivity released from CPS is classified into two (2) categories. The first category is noble gases. The second category consists of I^{131} , I^{133} , H^3 , and all radionuclides in particulate form with radioactive half-lives greater than eight (8) days. Noble gases - such as xenon and krypton - are biologically and chemically non-reactive. As such,

these radionuclides cause external radiation exposure whereas I^{131} , I^{133} , H^3 , and radionuclides in particulate form with radioactive half-lives greater than eight (8) days are the major contributors to internal radiation exposure.

Liquid Effluents

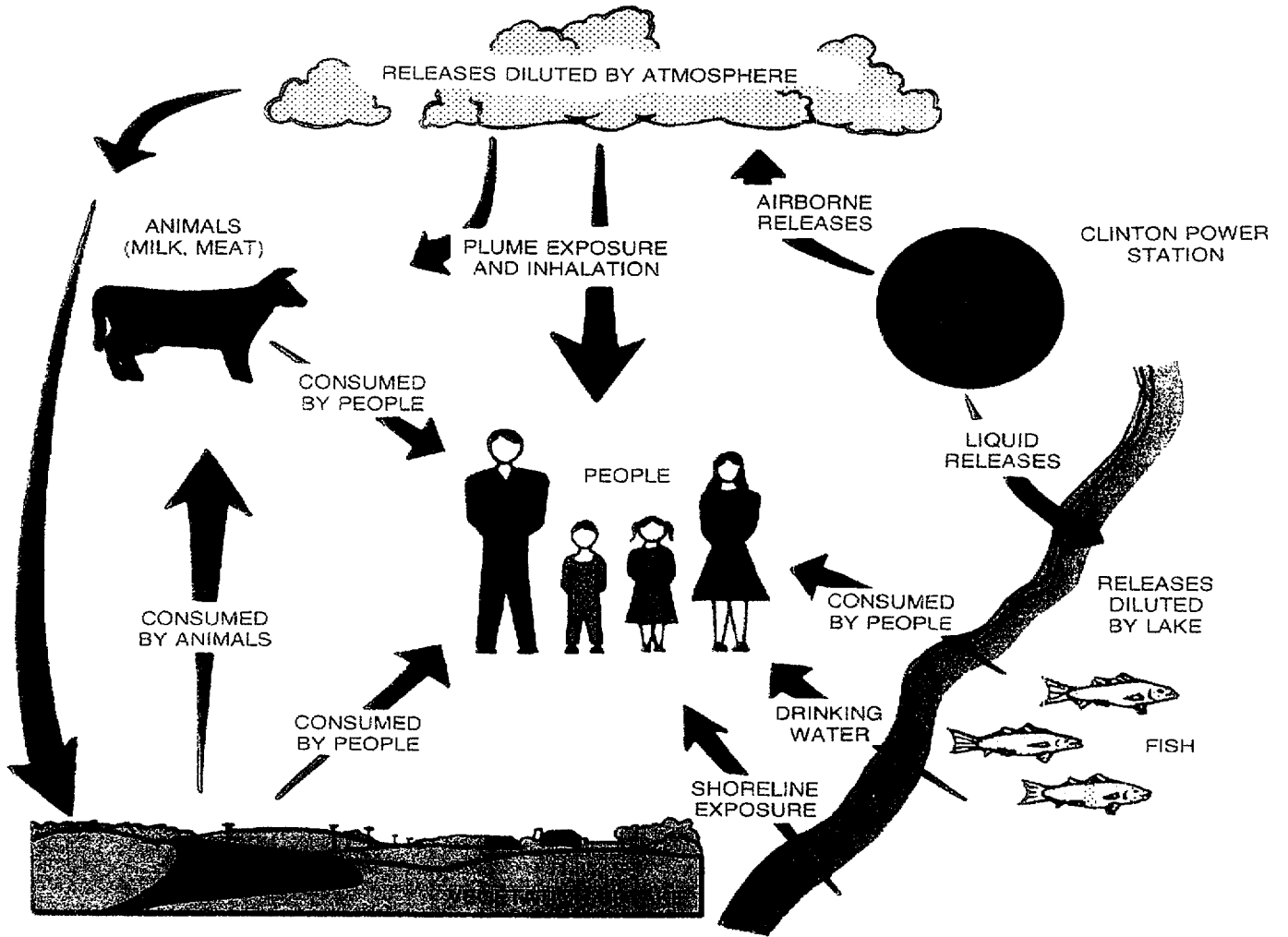
Liquid effluents may originate from two (2) systems at CPS. The first is effluent from the Radioactive Waste Treatment System. This water is demineralized prior to release. Samples are taken after the tank has been allowed to adequately recirculate. The second is from heat exchanger leaks found in closed cooling water systems that service radioactively contaminated systems. This would be considered an abnormal release. As a matter of station management commitment, CPS strives to be a zero (\emptyset) liquid release plant with the last liquid release occurring in September of 1992 - over nine (9) years ago.

Solid Waste Shipments

In order to reduce the radiation exposure to personnel and maintain the federally required ALARA concept, the NRC and the Department of Transportation (DOT) have established limits on the types of radioactive waste and the amount of radioactivity that may be packaged and shipped offsite for burial or disposal. To ensure that CPS is complying with these regulations, the types of waste and the radioactivity present are reported to the NRC.

FIGURE 3

EFFLUENT EXPOSURE PATHWAYS



SECTION 3

**SUPPLEMENTAL
INFORMATION**

SECTION 3

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

I. REGULATORY LIMITS

The NRC requires nuclear power facilities to be designed, constructed and operated in such a way that the radioactivity in effluent releases to unrestricted areas are kept ALARA. To assure these criteria are met, each license authorizing nuclear reactor operation includes the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM) governing the release of radioactive effluents. The ODCM designates the limits for release of effluents, as well as the limits for doses to the general public from the release of radioactive liquids and gases. These limits are taken from Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 50, Appendix I (10CFR50 Appendix I), Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20 (10CFR20), and Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Columns 1 and 2. Maintaining effluent releases within these operating limitations demonstrates compliance with ALARA principles. These ALARA limits are just a fraction of the dose limits established by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) found within Environmental Dose Standard Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 190 (40CFR190). The EPA has established dose limits for members of the public in the vicinity of a nuclear power plant. These dose limits are:

- Less than or equal to 25 mRem per year to the total body.
- Less than or equal to 75 mRem per year to the thyroid.
- Less than or equal to 25 mRem per year to any other organ.

Specific limit information is given below.

A. Gaseous Effluents

1. In accordance with Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20, (10CFR20) the maximum permissible concentrations for gaseous effluents shall not exceed the values given in 10CFR20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1. To ensure these concentrations are not exceeded, dose rates due to radioactive materials released in gaseous effluents from the site to areas at and beyond the site area boundary shall be limited to the following:
 - a. Noble gases
 - Less than or equal to 500 mRem/year to the total body.
 - Less than or equal to 3,000 mRem/year to the skin.
 - b. I^{131} , I^{133} , H^3 , and all radionuclides in particulate form with radioactive half-lives greater than eight (8) days:
 - Less than or equal to 1,500 mRem/year to any organ.

2. In accordance with Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 50, Appendix I, (10CFR50 Appendix I) air dose due to noble gases released in gaseous effluents to areas at and beyond the site boundary shall be limited to the following:
 - a. Less than or equal to 5 mRad for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 10 mRad for beta radiation during any calendar quarter.
 - b. Less than or equal to 10 mRad for gamma radiation and less than or equal to 20 mRad for beta radiation during any calendar year.
3. In accordance with Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 50, Appendix I, (10CFR50 Appendix I), dose to a member of the public (from I^{131} , I^{133} , H^3 , and all radionuclides in particulate form with radioactive half-lives greater than eight (8) days) in gaseous effluents released to areas at and beyond the site boundary shall be limited to the following values:
 - a. Less than or equal to 7.5 mRem to any organ, during any calendar quarter.
 - b. Less than or equal to 15 mRem to any organ, during any calendar year.

B. Liquid Effluents

1. The concentration of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas shall be limited to ten (10) times the concentrations specified in Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2, for radionuclides other than dissolved or entrained noble gases. For dissolved or entrained noble gases, the concentration shall be limited to 2.0E-04 μ Ci/ml total activity.
2. The dose or dose commitment to a member of the public from radioactive materials in liquid effluents released to unrestricted areas shall be limited to:
 - a. Less than or equal to 1.5 mRem to the total body and less than or equal to 5 mRem to any organ during any calendar quarter.
 - b. Less than or equal to 3 mRem to the total body and less than or equal to 10 mRem to any organ during any calendar year.

II. AVERAGE ENERGY

The CPS ODCM limits the dose equivalent rates due to the release of fission and activation gases to less than or equal to 500 mRem per year to the total body and less than or equal to 3,000 mRem per year to the skin. These limits are based on dose calculations using actual isotopic concentrations from our effluent streams and not based upon the gross count rate from our monitoring systems. Therefore, the average beta and gamma energies (E) for gaseous effluents as described in Regulatory Guide 1.21, "Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactivity in Solid Wastes and Releases of Radioactive Materials in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents from Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants", are not applicable.

III. MEASUREMENT AND APPROXIMATIONS OF TOTAL RADIOACTIVITY

A. Fission and Activation Gases

1. Gas samples are collected weekly and are counted on a high purity germanium detector (HPGe) for principal gamma emitters. The HVAC and SGTS release points are continuously monitored and the average release flow rates for each release point are used to calculate the total activity released during a given time period.
2. Tritium is also collected by passing a known volume of the sample stream through a gas washer containing a known quantity of demineralized water. The collected samples are distilled and analyzed by liquid scintillation. The tritium released was calculated for each release point from the measured tritium concentration, the volume of the sample, the tritium collection efficiency, and the respective stack exhaust flow rates.

B. Iodines

Iodine is continuously collected on a charcoal cartridge filter via an isokinetic sampling assembly from each release point. Filters are normally exchanged once per week and then analyzed on an HPGe system. The average flow rates for each release point are averaged over the duration of the sampling period and these results - along with specific isotopic concentrations - are then used to determine the total activity released during the time period in question.

C. Particulates

Particulates are continuously collected on a filter paper via an isokinetic sampling assembly on each release point. Filters are normally exchanged once per week and then analyzed on an HPGe system. The average flow rates for each release point are averaged over the duration of the sampling period and these results - along with specific isotopic concentrations - are then used to determine the total activity released during the time period in question.

D. Liquid Effluents

Each tank of liquid radwaste is recirculated for at least two (2) tank volumes, sampled, and analyzed for principal gamma emitters prior to release. Each sample tank is recirculated for a sufficient amount of time prior to sampling ensuring that a representative sample is obtained. Samples are then analyzed on an HPGe system and liquid release permits are generated based upon the values obtained from the isotopic analysis and the most recent values for H³, gross alpha, Fe⁵⁵, Sr⁸⁹ and Sr⁹⁰. An aliquot based on release volume is saved and added to composite containers. The concentrations of composited isotopes and the volumes of the releases associated with these composites establish the proportional relationships that are then utilized for calculating the total activity released for these isotopes.

IV. DESCRIPTION OF ERROR ESTIMATES

Estimates of measurement and analytical error for gaseous and liquid effluents are calculated as follows:

$$E_T = \sqrt{[(E_1)^2 + (E_2)^2 + \dots + (E_n)^2]}$$

where:

E_T = total percent error, and
 $E_1 \dots E_N$ = percent error due to calibration standards, laboratory analysis, instruments, sample flow, etc.

SECTION 4

RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT DATA

SECTION 4

RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT DATA

TABLE 1
GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - Summation Of All Releases
 Data Period: 01 January 2001 – 31 December 2001
 Continuous Mixed Mode

	Units	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Est. Total Error, %
A. Fission & Activation Gases						
1. Total Release	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	30
2. Average release rate for period	µCi/sec	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	*	*	*	*	
B. Iodines						
1. Total Iodine-131	Ci	2.01E-05	3.43E-05	2.78E-05	3.00E-05	31
2. Average release rate for period	µCi/sec	2.59E-06	4.36E-06	3.49E-06	3.77E-06	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	*	*	*	*	
C. Particulates						
1. Particulates with half-lives >8 days	Ci	6.42E-05	1.87E-04	4.93E-05	4.45E-04	24
2. Average release rate for period	µCi/sec	8.25E-06	2.38E-05	6.21E-06	5.59E-05	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	*	*	*	*	
4. Gross alpha radioactivity	Ci	1.43E-07	3.89E-07	4.62E-07	2.48E-07	
D. Tritium						
1. Total Release	Ci	9.78E+00	1.09E+01	7.40E+00	9.27E+00	21
2. Average release rate for period	µCi/sec	1.26E+00	1.39E+00	9.31E-01	1.17E+00	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	*	*	*	*	

* Applicable limits are expressed in terms of dose. See Tables 1A and 1B of this report.

TABLE 1A

Air Doses Due to Gaseous Releases

Doses per Quarter

Type of Radiation	ODCM Limit	1 st Quarter	% of Limit	2 nd Quarter	% of Limit	3 rd Quarter	% of Limit	4 th Quarter	% of Limit
Gamma	5 mRad	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Beta	10 mRad	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

Doses per Year

Type of Radiation	ODCM Limit	Year	% of Limit
Gamma	10 mRad	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Beta	20 mRad	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

TABLE 1B

Doses to a Member of the Public Due to Radioiodines, Tritium, and Particulates in Gaseous Releases

Doses per Quarter

Type of Radiation	ODCM Limit	Quarter 1	% of Limit	Quarter 2	% of Limit	Quarter 3	% of Limit	Quarter 4	% of Limit
Bone	7.5	5.47E-06	7.29E-05	1.10E-04	1.46E-03	6.89E-05	9.19E-04	2.39E-03	3.19E-02
Liver	7.5	4.40E-04	5.87E-03	4.92E-04	6.56E-03	3.34E-04	4.45E-03	4.27E-04	5.69E-03
TBody	7.5	4.40E-04	5.87E-03	5.19E-04	6.92E-03	3.49E-04	4.65E-03	9.48E-04	1.26E-02
Thyroid	7.5	5.63E-04	7.51E-03	7.00E-04	9.34E-03	5.10E-04	6.80E-03	5.97E-04	7.95E-03
Kidney	7.5	4.41E-04	5.88E-03	4.93E-04	6.57E-03	3.34E-04	4.45E-03	4.24E-04	5.65E-03
Lung	7.5	4.40E-04	5.87E-03	4.92E-04	6.56E-03	3.33E-04	4.44E-03	4.24E-04	5.65E-03
GI LLI	7.5	4.41E-04	5.88E-03	4.98E-04	6.64E-03	3.37E-04	4.49E-03	5.15E-04	6.86E-03

Doses per Year

Type of Radiation	ODCM Limit	Year	% of Limit
Bone	15	2.58E-03	1.72E-02
Liver	15	1.69E-03	1.13E-02
TBody	15	2.26E-03	1.50E-02
Thyroid	15	2.37E-03	1.58E-02
Kidney	15	1.69E-03	1.13E-02
Lung	15	1.69E-03	1.13E-02
GI LLI	15	1.79E-03	1.19E-02

TABLE 2

CLINTON POWER STATION
GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - Nuclides Released

YEAR:2001

Mixed Mode Release	X
Elevated Release	
Ground-Level Release	

Continuous Mode	X
Batch Mode	

	Units	Quarter 1 ^[2]	Quarter 2 ^[2]	Quarter 3 ^[2]	Quarter 4 ^[2]
A. Fission Gases ^[1]					
Total for Period	Ci	0.00E+01 ^[3]	0.00E+01 ^[3]	0.00E+01 ^[3]	0.00E+01 ^[3]
B. Iodines ^[1]					
I ¹³¹	Ci	2.01E-05	3.43E-05	2.77E-05	2.99E-05
I ¹³³	Ci	8.05E-05	1.28E-04	1.85E-04	8.47E-05
Total for Period	Ci	1.01E-04	1.63E-04	2.13E-04	1.15E-04
C. Particulates ^[1]					
Co ⁵⁷	Ci	9.98E-07	0.00E+01 ^[3]	0.00E+01 ^[3]	0.00E+01 ^[3]
Cd ¹⁰⁹	Ci	1.43E-05	5.54E-05	1.58E-05	1.53E-07
Co ⁶⁰	Ci	0.00E+01 ^[3]	5.34E-06	1.78E-06	1.07E-06
Cr ⁵¹	Ci	4.68E-05	1.24E-04	2.66E-05	2.87E-04
Mn ⁵⁴	Ci	0.00E+01 ^[3]	1.63E-06	2.17E-06	1.98E-06
Sr/Y ⁹⁰	Ci	0.00E+01 ^[3]	9.01E-07	5.14E-07	1.74E-05
Sr ⁸⁹	Ci	2.11E-06	0.00E+01 ^[3]	2.49E-06	1.13E-04
Gross Alpha	Ci	1.43E-07	3.89E-07	4.62E-07	2.48E-07
Mo ⁹⁹	Ci	4.86E-05	4.82E-05	9.57E-05	1.93E-04
Na ²⁴	Ci	7.48E-06	1.45E-04	8.51E-04	1.37E-03
Zn ⁶⁵	Ci	0.00E+01 ^[3]	0.00E+01 ^[3]	0.00E+01 ^[3]	2.47E-05
Tc ^{99m}	Ci	4.90E-04	4.71E-04	8.94E-04	1.67E-03
Total for Period	Ci	6.10E-04	8.51E-04	1.89E-03	3.68E-03
D. Tritium ^[1]					
Total for Period	Ci	9.78E+00	1.09E+01	7.40E+00	9.27E+00

[1] Ten (10) times the values found in 10CFR20 Appendix B, Table 2, Column 1 are used for all ECL calculations. For dissolved and entrained noble gases, the concentration is limited to 2.00E-04 µCi/cc total activity.

[2] The lower the value of the actual sample activity - with respect to background activity - the greater the counting error. Proportionally, large errors are reported for the various components of CPS gaseous effluents because of their consistent low sample activity.

[3] An entry of 0.00E+01 does not represent the absence of a radionuclide but rather indicates that the Minimum Detectable Activity (MDA) concentration of the nuclide was below the LLD value listed in Table 6.

TABLE 3

RADIOACTIVE GASEOUS WASTE LLD VALUES

TYPE OF ACTIVITY ANALYSIS	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) ^a (μCi/cc)
Principal Gamma Emitters, [Noble Gases] ^{b,c}	≤1.00E-04
H ³ ^c	≤1.00E-06
¹³¹ I ^d	≤1.00E-12
¹³³ I ^d	≤1.00E-10
Principal Gamma Emitters, [Particulates] ^{b,e}	≤1.00E-11
Sr ⁸⁹ , Sr ⁹⁰ ^g	≤1.00E-11
Gross Alpha ^g	≤1.00E-11

Table 3 Notations

^aThe Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as defined for purposes of these specifications, as an "a priori" determination of the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will yield a net count - above system background - that will be detected with a 95% probability and with only a 5% probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

For a particular measurement system, which may include radiochemical separation:

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 \cdot s_b}{E \cdot V \cdot 2.22 \times 10^6 \cdot Y \cdot e^{-\lambda \Delta t}}$$

Table 3 Notations (continued)

Where:

LLD is the "a priori" lower limit of detection as defined above, as μCi per unit mass or volume,

s_b is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample as appropriate, in counts per minute (cpm),

E is the counting efficiency, in counts per disintegration,

V is the sample size in units of mass or volume,

2.22E+06 is the number of disintegrations per minute (dpm) per microcurie,

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield, when applicable,

λ is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide (sec^{-1}) and

Δt for plant effluents is the elapsed time between the midpoint of sample collection and the time of counting (sec).

Typical values of E, V, Y, and Δt should be used in the calculation.

It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an *a priori* (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not as an *a posteriori* (after the fact) limit for a particular measurement.

^bThe principal gamma emitters for which the LLD specification applies include the following radionuclides: Kr^{87} , Kr^{88} , Xe^{133} , $\text{Xe}^{133\text{m}}$, Xe^{135} , and Xe^{138} in noble gas releases and Mn^{54} , Fe^{59} , Co^{58} , Co^{60} , Zn^{65} , Mo^{99} , I^{131} , Cs^{134} , Cs^{137} , Ce^{141} , and Ce^{144} in iodine and particulate releases. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are to be considered. Other gamma peaks that are identifiable - together with those of the above nuclides - shall also be analyzed and reported in the Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

^cWeekly grab sample and analysis

^dContinuous charcoal sample analyzed weekly

^eContinuous particulate sample analyzed weekly

^fComposite particulate sample analyzed monthly

^gComposite particulate sample analyzed quarterly

TABLE 4

WATERBORNE EFFLUENTS - Summation Of All Releases
 Data Period: 01 January 2001 through 31 December 2001

There were zero (0) liquid radwaste releases from CPS in 2001.

	Units	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Est. Total Error, %
A. Fission & Activation Products						
1. Total Release	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	---
2. Average diluted concentration during period	µCi/ml	---	---	---	---	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	---	---	---	---	
B. Tritium						
1. Total Release	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	---
2. Average diluted concentration during period	µCi/ml	---	---	---	---	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	---	---	---	---	
C. Dissolved and Entrained Gases						
1. Total Release	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	---
2. Average diluted concentration during period	µCi/ml	---	---	---	---	
3. Percent of ODCM Limit	%	---	---	---	---	
D. Gross Alpha Radioactivity						
Gross alpha radioactivity	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	---
E. Volume of Waste Released (prior to Dilution)						
	Liters	---	---	---	---	---
F. Volume of dilution water used during period						
	Liters	---	---	---	---	---

TABLE 5

WATERBORNE EFFLUENTS - Nuclides Released ^[1]
Data Period: 01 January 2001 – 31 December 2001
All Modes

There were zero (0) liquid radwaste releases from CPS in 2001.

Continuous Mode		Batch Mode	X
-----------------	--	------------	---

Nuclide	Units	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
---------	-------	-----------	-----------	-----------	-----------

A. Tritium

H ³	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
----------------	----	----------	----------	----------	----------

B. Fission and Activation Products

Sr ⁸⁹	Ci	----	----	----	----
Sr ⁹⁰	Ci	----	----	----	----
Cs ¹³⁴	Ci	----	----	----	----
Cs ¹³⁷	Ci	----	----	----	----
I ¹³¹	Ci	----	----	----	----
Co ⁵⁸	Ci	----	----	----	----
Co ⁶⁰	Ci	----	----	----	----
Fe ⁵⁹	Ci	----	----	----	----
Zn ⁶⁵	Ci	----	----	----	----
Mn ⁵⁴	Ci	----	----	----	----
Cr ⁵¹	Ci	----	----	----	----
Zr/Ni ⁹⁵	Ci	----	----	----	----
Mo ⁹⁹	Ci	----	----	----	----
Tc-99m	Ci	----	----	----	----
Ba/La ¹⁴⁰	Ci	----	----	----	----
Ce ¹⁴¹	Ci	----	----	----	----
Ce ¹⁴⁴	Ci	----	----	----	----
Total	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01

C. Dissolved and Entrained Noble Gases

Xe ¹³³	Ci	----	----	----	----
Xe ¹³⁵	Ci	----	----	----	----
Total	Ci	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01

^[1] A value corresponding to ten times the values found in 10CFR20 Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2 are used for all Effluent Concentration Limit (ECL) calculations. For dissolved and entrained noble gases, the concentration is limited to 2.00E-04 µCi/ml total activity.

TABLE 6

RADIOACTIVE LIQUID WASTE LLD VALUES

TYPE OF ACTIVITY ANALYSIS	Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) ^a (μCi/ml)
Principal Gamma Emitters ^b	≤5.00E-07
I ¹³¹	≤1.00E-06
Dissolved and Entrained Gases (Gamma Emitters) ^c	≤1.00E-05
H ³	≤1.00E-05
Gross Alpha	≤1.00E-07
Sr ⁸⁹ , Sr ⁹⁰	≤5.00E-08
Fe ⁵⁵	≤1.00E-06

Table 6 Notations

^aThe Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) as defined for purposes of these specifications, as an "a priori" determination of the smallest concentration of radioactive material in a sample that will yield a net count - above system background - that will be detected with a 95% probability and with only a 5% probability of falsely concluding that a blank observation represents a "real" signal.

For a particular measurement system, which may include radiochemical separation:

$$LLD = \frac{4.66 \cdot s_b}{E \cdot V \cdot 2.22 \times 10^6 \cdot Y \cdot e^{-\lambda \Delta t}}$$

Where:

LLD is the "a priori" lower limit of detection as defined above, as μCi per unit mass or volume,

s_b is the standard deviation of the background counting rate or of the counting rate of a blank sample as appropriate, in counts per minute (cpm),

Table 6 Notations (continued)

E is the counting efficiency, as counts per disintegration,

V is the sample size in units of mass or volume,

2.22E+06 is the number of disintegrations per minute (dpm) per microcurie,

Y is the fractional radiochemical yield, when applicable,

λ is the radioactive decay constant for the particular radionuclide (sec^{-1}) and

Δt for plant effluents is the elapsed time between the midpoint of sample collection and the time of counting (sec).

Typical values of E, V, Y, and λt should be used in the calculation.

It should be recognized that the LLD is defined as an *a priori* (before the fact) limit representing the capability of a measurement system and not as an *a posteriori* (after the fact, MDA) limit for a particular measurement.

^bThe principal gamma emitters for which the LLD requirement applies include the following radionuclides: Mn⁵⁴, Fe⁵⁹, Co⁵⁸, Co⁶⁰, Zn⁶⁵, Mo⁹⁹, Cs¹³⁴, Cs¹³⁷, Ce¹⁴¹, and Ce¹⁴⁴ shall also be measured, but with an LLD of 5.0E-06. This list does not mean that only these nuclides are detected and reported. Other gamma peaks that are measurable - together with those of the above nuclides - shall also be analyzed and reported in the Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

^cDissolved and entrained gases are: Xe¹³³, Xe¹³⁵, Xe¹³⁸, Kr^{85m}, Kr⁸⁷ and Kr⁸⁸.

BATCH RELEASES

There were zero (0) liquid radwaste releases from CPS in 2001.

A. Batch Liquid Releases: 2001

- | | |
|---|-----|
| 1. Number of batch releases: | 0 |
| 2. Total time period for batch releases: | --- |
| 3. Maximum time period for batch release: | --- |
| 4. Average time period for batch release | --- |
| 5. Minimum time period for batch release: | --- |
| 6. Average stream flow during periods of release: | --- |
| 7. Total waste volume: | --- |
| 8. Total dilution volume: | --- |

B. Batch Gaseous Releases: 2001

- | | |
|---|-----|
| 1. Number of batch releases: | 0 |
| 2. Total time period for batch releases: | --- |
| 3. Maximum time period for batch release: | --- |
| 4. Average time period for batch release | --- |
| 5. Minimum time period for batch release: | --- |

ABNORMAL RELEASES

Information concerning abnormal radioactive liquid and gaseous releases is presented below for the year 2001. There were no abnormal or unplanned liquid or gaseous releases from CPS in 2001.

Liquid Releases

Number of Abnormal Liquid Releases: 0

Activity Released [Ci]

Nuclides	Activity [Ci]
---	---
---	---
---	---
---	---
---	---
---	---
Total	0

Gaseous Releases

Number of Abnormal Gaseous Releases: 0

Activity Released [Ci]

Nuclides	Activity [Ci]
---	---
---	---
---	---
---	---
---	---
---	---
Total	0

SECTION 5

**SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL
INFORMATION**

SECTION 5

SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL INFORMATION

During this reporting period – 01 January 2001 through 31 December 2001 - there were thirty-two (32) radioactive waste shipments and zero (0) irradiated fuel shipments from CPS. In addition, the CPS ODCM requires reporting of the following information for solid waste shipped offsite during the above reporting period:

1. Container volume: Class A Waste: 19,464.2 ft³ Class B Waste: 135.8 ft³
2. Total curie quantity: Class A Waste was 464.496 curies and Class B Waste was 1,897.941 curies (determined by dose-to-curie and sample concentration methodology estimates).
3. Principal radionuclides: See A.2 for listing of measured radionuclides.
4. Source of waste and processing employed: Resins, filter sludges and evaporator bottoms dewatered or solidified in cement and non-compacted dry active waste.
5. Type of container: Type A, Type B and Strong Tight Container.
6. Solidification agent or absorbent: None.

EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL DATA

Table 7

SOLID WASTE AND IRRADIATED FUEL SHIPMENTS

A. Solid Waste Shipped Offsite for Burial or Disposal: (**NOT** irradiated fuel)

A.1. Type of Waste		Units	January – June 2001	July – December 2001	Est. Total Error, %
a.	Spent resins, filter sludges, evaporator bottoms, etc.	ft ³	2,400	1,330	25
		Ci	2,300	58.7	
b.	Dry compactible Waste, contaminated Equipment, etc.	ft ³	7,870	8,000	25
		Ci	2.16	1.58	
c.	Irradiated components, control rods, etc.	ft ³	(0)	(0)	0
		Ci	(0)	(0)	
d.	Other Wastes	ft ³	(0)	(0)	0
		Ci	(0)	(0)	

A.2. Estimate of major nuclide composition (by type of waste)

1. Spent resins, filters, evaporator bottoms, etc.

Waste Class	Nuclide Name	% Percent Abundance	Curies
A	Mn ⁵⁴	13.070	60.3
	Fe ⁵⁵	57.234	264
	Co ⁶⁰	26.992	124
	Ni ⁶³	1.597	7.36
	Other	1.107	5.094

Waste Class	Nuclide Name	% Percent Abundance	Curies
B	Mn ⁵⁴	6.799	129
	Fe ⁵⁵	79.538	1,510
	Co ⁶⁰	13.139	249
	Other	0.524	9.941

2. Dry compactible waste, contaminated equipment, etc.

Waste Class	Nuclide Name	% Percent Abundance	Curies
A	Mn ⁵⁴	3.741	0.14
	Fe ⁵⁵	75.892	2.84
	Co ⁶⁰	18.743	0.701
	Other	1.623	0.0609

A.3. Solid Waste Disposition

January - June 2001

Number of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination
1	Kindrick Trucking Company	ATG Richland, Washington
4	Kindrick Trucking Company	ATG – Catalytics
10	Kindrick Trucking Company	Barnwell Waste Management Facility
1	Tag Transport Company	Barnwell Waste Management Facility
1	Hittman Transport	Duratek Oak Ridge, Tennessee
2	Hittman Transport	Duratek Kingston, Tennessee

July - December 2001

Number of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination
2	Kindrick Trucking Company	ATG – Catalytics
5	Kindrick Trucking Company	Barnwell Waste Management Facility
1	Hittman Transport	Barnwell Waste Management Facility
3	Hittman Transport	Duratek Oak Ridge, Tennessee
1	Hittman Transport	Duratek Kingston, Tennessee
1	Kindrick Trucking Company	Duratek Oak Ridge, Tennessee

B. Irradiated Fuel Shipments (Disposition)

Number of Shipments	Mode of Transportation	Destination
Zero (0)	N/A	N/A

SECTION 6

DOSE MEASUREMENTS AND ASSESSMENTS

SECTION 6

DOSE MEASUREMENTS AND ASSESSMENTS

This section of the Annual Effluent Release Report provides the dose received by receptors around CPS from gaseous and liquid effluents. The dose to the receptor that would have received the highest dose in each sector (defined as the Critical Receptor for that sector) is listed within this report. This section also provides the dose to individuals who were inside the Site Boundary. This section also summarizes CPS's compliance with the requirements found within 49CFR190.

The assumptions used in determining dose values are as follows:

- All receptors within a five (5) mile radius are included in the Annual Land Use Census. This Annual Census determines what dose pathways are present as well as the distance of each receptor from the site.
- The annual average meteorological data for 2000 was used in conjunction with the Annual Land Use Census to determine the dose to each receptor within five (5) miles.
- The doses for each receptor from each sector were determined using methodologies given in the ODCM.
- The activity used in these assessments is the total activity released by CPS for the year 2001 including radionuclides with half-lives less than eight (8) days and when dose pathway factors were available.
- The occupancy factor was taken into consideration by calculating the dose to individuals using areas inside the Site Boundary in non-residential areas. The occupancy factor is determined by dividing the number of hour[s] of occupancy per year (taken from the ODCM) and dividing that value by the total number of hour[s] per year.
- Dose to individuals using areas inside the Site Boundary (that are not residences) was calculated using the Ground Plane and Inhalation pathways.

TABLE 8

**MAXIMUM OFFSITE DOSES AND DOSE COMMITMENTS
TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC IN EACH SECTOR**
Data Period: 01 January 2001 – 31 December 2001

This table illustrates the dose that a member from the public would most likely be exposed to from radioactive effluents in each sector from CPS. These values represent the maximum dose likely to expose a member of the public in each sector.

RECEPTOR INFORMATION					AIRBORNE EFFLUENT DOSE				WATERBORNE EFFLUENT DOSE (mRem) [1]	
					Iodine and Particulates (mRem)		Noble Gases (mRad)			
Sector	Distance (miles)	Pathways	Organ	Age	Organ	Total Body	Gamma	Beta	Organ	Total Body
N	0.9	GP, I, M, V	Th	T	1.64E-03	1.57E-03	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01	0.00E+01
NNE	1.0	GP, I	Th	A	4.45E-04	4.26E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
NE	2.1	GP, I, V	Th	T	4.65E-04	4.53E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
ENE	2.7	GP, I, V	Th	C	3.63E-04	3.64E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
E	1.0	GP, I, M, V	Th	A	1.06E-03	6.97E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
ESE	3.3	GP, I, V	Th	T	2.35E-04	2.29E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
SE	4.4	GP, I, M, V	Th	C	2.23E-04	2.19E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
SSE	2.8	GP, I, V	Th	C	2.57E-04	2.58E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
S	3.0	GP, I, V	Th	A	1.24E-04	9.14E-05	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
SSW	3.4	GP, I, M	Th	A	4.96E-05	4.49E-05	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
SW	0.7	GP, I	Th	A	4.07E-04	3.89E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
WSW	2.3	GP, I, V	Th	T	2.74E-04	2.68E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
W	2.1	GP, I, V	Th	A	2.02E-04	1.59E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
WNW	1.6	GP, I, V	Th	A	2.57E-04	1.98E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
NW	2.9	GP, I, V	Th	C	2.43E-04	2.42E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		
NNW	1.3	GP, I, M	Th	A	2.39E-04	2.15E-04	0.00E+01	0.00E+01		

Key for Table 8

GP = Ground Plane	V = Vegetables	A = Adult
I = Inhalation	Th = Thyroid	T = Teen
M = Cows Meat	GI = Gastrointestinal Tract & Lower Large Intestine	C = Child

All doses were within all regulatory limits, including limits from 40CFR190.

[1] **There were zero (0) liquid radwaste releases from CPS in 2001.**

COMPLIANCE WITH 40CFR190 REQUIREMENTS

Thermoluminescent dosimeters [TLD] are stationed around CPS to measure the ambient gamma radiation field. Monitoring stations are placed near the site boundary and approximately five miles from the reactor, in locations representing the sixteen compass sectors. Other locations are chosen to measure the radiation field at places of special interest such as nearby residences, meeting places and population centers. Control sites are located further than ten miles from the site, in areas that should not be affected by plant operations. The results from the TLDs are reported in the Annual Radiological Environmental Monitoring Report [REMP]. The results from this effort indicated no excess dose to offsite areas.

Additionally, NUREG-0543, METHODS FOR DEMONSTRATING LWR COMPLIANCE WITH THE EPA URANIUM FUEL CYCLE STANDARD (40 CFR PART 190) states in section IV, "As long as a nuclear plant site operates at a level below the Appendix I reporting requirements, no extra analysis is required to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR Part 190." The organ and whole body doses reported in Table 8 are determined using 10 CFR 50 Appendix I methodology. The doses reported are well below the limits of Appendix I.

DOSE TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC WITHIN THE SITE BOUNDARY

CPS Offsite Dose Calculation Manual section 7.2 requires that the Radioactive Effluent Release Report include an assessment of the radiation doses from radioactive liquids and gaseous effluents to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC due to their activities inside the SITE BOUNDARY. Within the CPS site boundary there are seven areas which are open to members of the public as identified by CPS ODCM Table 3.4-4 (see Figure 4):

-
- The Department of Natural Resources Recreation Area at 1.287 kilometers (0.8 miles) in the ESE sector
 - A road at 0.495 kilometers (0.3 miles) in the SE sector
 - A residence at 2.900 kilometers (1.8 miles) in the SSE sector
 - A residence at 1.170 kilometers (0.7 miles) in the SW sector
 - Agricultural acreage at 1.372 kilometers (0.9 miles) in the SSW sector
 - A residence at 2.520 kilometers (1.6 miles) in the WSW sector
 - A portion of Clinton Lake at 0.335 kilometers (0.2 miles) in the NW sector
-

At all of the above locations, the plume, inhalation and ground-plane exposure pathways are used for dose calculations. The 2001 Annual Land Use Census identified no other exposure pathways. All dose calculations were performed using the methodology contained in the CPS ODCM.

FIGURE 4

AREAS WITHIN THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY OPEN TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC

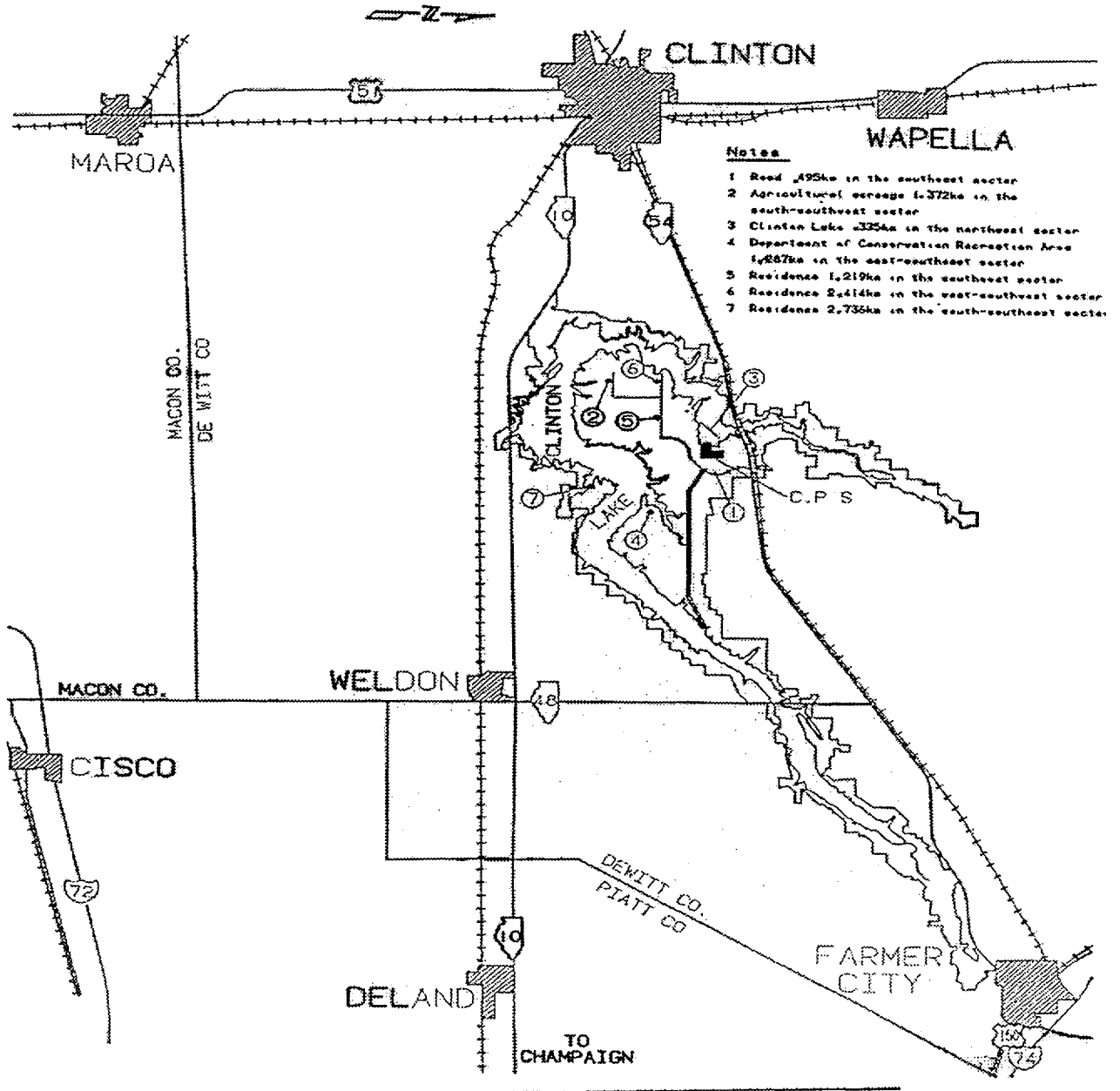


TABLE 9

**CALCULATED DOSES TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC DURING USE OF THE DEPARTMENT
OF NATURAL RESOURCES RECREATION AREA IN THE EAST-SOUTHEAST SECTOR
WITHIN THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY**

Data Period: 01 January 2001 – 31 December 2001

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Beta Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	3.57E-04	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) ^[1]	3.53E-05	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Teen Thyroid	3.77E-04	mRem
Adult Thyroid	3.70E-04	mRem
Child Thyroid	3.44E-04	mRem
Infant Thyroid	2.19E-04	mRem

TABLE 10

**CALCULATED DOSES TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC DURING USE OF THE ROAD IN THE
SOUTHEAST SECTOR WITHIN THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY
Data Period: 01 January 2001 – 31 December 2001**

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Beta Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	1.40E-03	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) ^[1]	1.24E-04	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Teen Thyroid	1.48E-03	mRem
Adult Thyroid	1.45E-03	mRem
Child Thyroid	1.35E-03	mRem
Infant Thyroid	8.54E-04	mRem

TABLE 11

CALCULATED DOSES FOR THE RESIDENTS IN THE SOUTH-SOUTHEAST SECTOR WITHIN
THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY

Data Period: 01 January 2001 – 31 December 2001

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Beta Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	7.96E-05	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) ^[1]	6.14E-06	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Adult Thyroid	8.33E-05	mRem
Teen Thyroid	N/A ^[2]	mRem
Child Thyroid	N/A ^[2]	mRem
Infant Thyroid	N/A ^[2]	mRem

[2] No receptors of this age at this location

TABLE 12

**CALCULATED DOSES FOR THE RESIDENTS IN THE SOUTHWEST SECTOR WITHIN THE
CPS SITE BOUNDARY**

Data Period: 01 January 2001 – 31 December 2001

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Beta Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	3.90E-04	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) ^[1]	2.27E-05	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Adult Thyroid	3.90E-04	mRem
Teen Thyroid	N/A ^[2]	mRem
Child Thyroid	N/A ^[2]	mRem
Infant Thyroid	N/A ^[2]	mRem

[2] No receptors of this age at this location

TABLE 13

**CALCULATED DOSES TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC DURING USE OF THE
AGRICULTURAL ACREAGE IN THE SOUTH-SOUTHWEST SECTOR WITHIN THE CPS SITE
BOUNDARY**

Data Period: 01 January 2001 – 31 December 2001

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Beta Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	1.94E-04	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) ^[1]	1.43E-05	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Adult Thyroid	2.06E-04	mRem
Teen Thyroid	2.02E-04	mRem
Child Thyroid	N/A ^[2]	mRem
Infant Thyroid	N/A ^[2]	mRem

[2] Dose calculated only for the age groups likely to be in the field

TABLE 14

**CALCULATED DOSES FOR THE RESIDENTS IN THE WEST-SOUTHWEST SECTOR WITHIN
THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY**

Data Period: 01 January 2001 – 31 December 2001

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Beta Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	1.20E-04	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) ^[1]	6.05E-06	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Adult Thyroid	1.26E-04	mRem
Teen Thyroid	N/A ^[2]	mRem
Child Thyroid	N/A ^[2]	mRem
Infant Thyroid	N/A ^[2]	mRem

[2] No receptors of this age at this location

TABLE 15

CALCULATED DOSES TO MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC DURING USE OF CLINTON LAKE IN
THE NORTHWEST SECTOR WITHIN THE CPS SITE BOUNDARY
Data Period: 01 January 2001 – 31 December 2001

DESCRIPTION	DOSE	UNITS
Total Body Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Skin Dose Rate (Noble Gases)	0.00E+01	mRem/year
Gamma Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Beta Air Dose	0.00E+01	mRad
Total Body Dose (Particulates)	1.50E-03	mRem
Skin Dose (Particulates) ^[1]	6.99E-05	mRem

[1] DOSE includes the dose values resulting from the release of iodines, particulates (with half lives >8 days) and tritium in gaseous effluents.

Highest Organ Dose by Age Group:

Teen Thyroid	1.59E-03	mRem
Adult Thyroid	1.56E-03	mRem
Child Thyroid	1.44E-03	mRem
Infant Thyroid	8.94E-04	mRem

SECTION 7

METEOROLOGICAL DATA AND DISPERSION ESTIMATES

SECTION 7

METEOROLOGICAL DATA AND DISPERSION ESTIMATES

On 13 April 1972, the meteorological monitoring program commenced at the Clinton Power Station site. The meteorological system consists of a tower 199 feet high with two (2) levels of instrumentation at the 10-meter and 60-meter elevations. A combined cup and vane sensor measures wind direction and wind speed[s] at the 10-meter and 60-meter levels. An aspirated dual temperature sensor senses the temperatures at these levels. One-half of the dual sensor at each elevation is used for ambient temperature while the other half is used to provide a differential temperature between the 10-meter and 60-meter levels. Dew-point is measured at the 10-meter level with an aspirated dew-point sensor.

Meteorological monitoring instruments have been placed on the Clinton Power Station microwave tower at the 10-meter level to serve as a redundant backup to the existing [primary] meteorological tower.

Clinton Power Station meteorological data is transmitted to the Main Control Room (MCR) via a dedicated telephone line. Once the signals are received at the MCR, they are then converted to a 4 to 20 milliamp signal and fed individually to a microprocessor and chart recorders. The microprocessor is part of the Clinton Power Station Radiation Monitoring System (RMS). Meteorological data is available via the microprocessors in the Main Control Room and the Technical Support Center (TSC).

Dispersion modeling for effluents for normal operation of Clinton Power Station is a straight-line, sector-averaged Gaussian plume model designed to estimate average relative concentration at various receptor points. The model was developed in accordance with routine release analysis procedures specified in Regulatory Guide 1.111. For joint frequency input data, periods of calm are distributed in accordance with a directional distribution. For hourly input data, periods of calm are the previous hour's wind direction. Periods of calm are assigned a wind speed value of half the specified instrument threshold value. Reference Table 18 for more detailed information on meteorology and dispersion data.

TABLE 16

METEOROLOGICAL DATA AVAILABILITY

Data Period: 01 January 2001 – 31 December 2001

PARAMETER	PERCENT OF VALID PARAMETER HOURS			
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
1. Wind Speed				
a. 10-Meter sensor	88.65%	89.88%	95.29%	99.41%
b. 60 Meter sensor	88.79%	89.88%	95.29%	99.41%
2. Wind Direction				
a. 10-Meter sensor	88.79%	89.88%	95.11%	99.41%
b. 60 Meter sensor	88.79%	89.92%	95.29%	99.41%
3. Temperature				
a. 10-Meter sensor	88.79%	89.78%	95.29%	99.41%
b. 60 Meter sensor	88.79%	89.83%	95.29%	99.41%
c. Temperature Difference (10m-60m)	87.73%	89.88%	95.29%	99.41%
4. Percent of hours for which valid 10-meter Wind Speed, Wind Direction, and Delta Temperature were available	87.90%	89.91%	95.07%	99.41%
5. Percent of hours for which valid 60-meter Wind Speed, Wind Direction, and Delta Temperature were available	87.90%	89.86%	95.25%	99.41%

Clinton Power Station was able to achieve 93% Meteorological Recoverable Data during 2001 exceeding the minimum criteria of 90% as delineated within Regulatory Guide 1.23.

TABLE 17

CLASSIFICATION OF ATMOSPHERIC STABILITY

Stability Classification	Pasquill Category	Defining Conditions
Extremely unstable	A	----- $\Delta T \leq -1.042$
Moderately unstable	B	$-1.042 < \Delta T \leq -0.933$
Slightly unstable	C	$-0.933 < \Delta T \leq -0.823$
Neutral	D	$-0.823 < \Delta T \leq -0.274$
Slightly stable	E	$-0.274 < \Delta T \leq 0.823$
Moderately stable	F	$0.823 < \Delta T \leq 2.195$
Extremely stable	G	$2.195 < \Delta T \leq$ -----

ΔT = temperature difference in degrees Fahrenheit per 100 feet

TABLE 18

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Reporting Period: 01 January 2001 through 31 December 2001

The following table contains the joint wind frequency tables for CPS. The tables are segregated by sensor elevation and calendar quarter. All tabled values are in hours.

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: A

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	5	6	0	0	0	11
NNE	0	2	6	0	0	0	8
NE	1	7	11	1	0	0	20
ENE	0	8	0	0	0	0	8
E	0	14	0	0	0	0	14
ESE	0	14	0	0	0	0	14
SE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
SSE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
S	0	4	15	0	0	0	19
SSW	2	6	5	0	0	0	13
SW	1	7	1	0	0	0	9
WSW	1	7	2	0	0	0	10
W	1	5	16	0	1	0	23
WNW	1	3	11	6	0	0	21
NW	3	13	17	22	0	0	55
NNW	1	7	3	1	0	0	12
TOTAL	11	104	94	30	1	0	240
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			3	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			265
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: A

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	1	10	3	0	0	14
NNE	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
NE	0	1	3	6	0	0	10
ENE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
E	0	0	11	2	0	0	13
ESE	0	3	3	0	0	0	6
SE	0	1	9	0	0	0	10
SSE	0	13	5	0	0	0	18
S	0	9	15	5	0	0	29
SSW	0	9	17	13	0	0	39
SW	0	2	15	20	0	0	37
WSW	0	0	9	17	0	0	26
W	0	1	15	11	0	0	27
WNW	0	3	13	12	3	0	31
NW	0	7	7	7	1	0	22
NNW	0	2	0	7	0	0	9
TOTAL	0	52	134	104	4	0	294
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			221
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: A

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL		
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24			
N	0	2	6	7	0	0	15		
NNE	0	0	2	0	0	0	2		
NE	0	7	13	3	0	0	23		
ENE	0	13	10	0	0	0	23		
E	0	4	2	0	0	0	6		
ESE	1	15	0	0	0	0	16		
SE	0	10	0	0	0	0	10		
SSE	5	23	3	1	0	0	32		
S	3	46	16	0	0	0	65		
SSW	0	16	6	0	0	0	22		
SW	2	13	10	0	0	0	25		
WSW	1	3	6	4	0	0	14		
W	0	6	2	1	0	0	9		
WNW	0	1	9	5	0	0	15		
NW	0	3	8	1	0	0	12		
NNW	0	1	3	3	0	0	7		
TOTAL	12	163	96	25	0	0	296		
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :							0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :	108
VARIABLE DIRECTION :							0		

Stability Class: A

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL		
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24			
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ENE	0	2	2	0	0	0	4		
E	0	1	1	0	0	0	2		
ESE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1		
SE	0	7	8	0	0	0	15		
SSE	0	1	5	2	0	0	8		
S	0	2	11	19	0	0	32		
SSW	0	2	11	4	0	0	17		
SW	0	2	9	8	1	0	20		
WSW	0	1	4	7	1	2	15		
W	0	1	4	18	0	1	24		
WNW	0	0	1	17	2	0	20		
NW	0	0	4	2	3	0	9		
NNW	0	0	3	0	0	0	3		
TOTAL	0	20	63	77	7	3	170		
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :							0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :	13
VARIABLE DIRECTION :							0		

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: B

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	>24	
N	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
NNE	0	3	6	2	0	0	11
NE	0	2	2	0	0	0	4
ENE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
E	0	4	1	0	0	0	5
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
SSE	1	0	2	0	0	0	3
S	0	2	2	0	0	0	4
SSW	0	5	5	2	0	0	12
SW	1	4	5	0	0	0	10
WSW	2	5	5	0	0	0	12
W	0	8	8	1	2	0	19
WNW	2	9	5	0	0	0	16
NW	0	6	9	7	0	0	22
NNW	0	3	2	0	0	0	5
TOTAL	6	55	54	12	2	0	129
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			3	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		265	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: B

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	>24	
N	0	3	1	3	0	0	7
NNE	0	1	4	0	0	0	5
NE	0	3	3	1	0	0	7
ENE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
E	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
ESE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	4	4	0	0	0	8
SSE	0	6	1	1	0	0	8
S	0	3	4	2	0	0	9
SSW	0	5	6	11	0	0	22
SW	0	0	5	4	0	0	9
WSW	0	2	2	6	2	0	12
W	0	4	7	0	1	0	12
WNW	0	1	5	3	0	0	9
NW	0	3	9	2	0	0	14
NNW	0	2	1	3	0	0	6
TOTAL	1	39	52	37	3	0	132
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		221	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: B

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL	
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	>24		
N	0	7	9	3	0	0	19	
NNE	0	1	9	0	0	0	10	
NE	0	11	7	0	0	0	18	
ENE	0	7	7	0	0	0	14	
E	0	4	0	0	0	0	4	
ESE	1	2	1	0	0	0	4	
SE	4	4	0	0	0	0	8	
SSE	3	4	8	2	0	0	17	
S	3	11	3	1	0	0	18	
SSW	2	4	5	4	0	0	15	
SW	1	4	6	0	0	0	11	
WSW	1	6	10	3	0	0	20	
W	0	6	4	0	0	0	10	
WNW	0	5	8	2	0	0	15	
NW	1	8	6	0	0	0	15	
NNW	0	5	1	0	0	0	6	
TOTAL	16	89	84	15	0	0	204	
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :						0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :	108
VARIABLE DIRECTION :						0		

Stability Class: B

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL	
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	>24		
N	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
NE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	
ENE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	
E	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
ESE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
SE	0	3	1	0	0	0	4	
SSE	0	1	4	2	0	0	7	
S	0	5	10	5	2	0	22	
SSW	0	8	6	4	1	0	19	
SW	1	4	15	7	1	0	28	
WSW	0	2	6	5	1	1	15	
W	0	1	6	7	1	0	15	
WNW	0	2	5	3	2	0	12	
NW	0	1	4	1	1	0	7	
NNW	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	
TOTAL	1	33	59	34	9	1	137	
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :						0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :	13
VARIABLE DIRECTION :						0		

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: C

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	0	3	5	0	0	8
NNE	0	0	3	5	0	0	8
NE	1	7	2	3	0	0	13
ENE	0	4	1	0	0	0	5
E	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
ESE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
SE	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	1	3	3	0	0	0	7
SSW	0	2	5	1	0	0	8
SW	1	2	3	0	0	0	6
WSW	0	2	3	0	2	0	7
W	0	8	5	5	0	0	18
WNW	2	7	6	9	2	0	26
NW	0	7	10	9	1	0	27
NNW	0	4	4	0	0	0	8
TOTAL	5	50	51	37	5	0	148
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :				3	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		265
VARIABLE DIRECTION :				0			

Stability Class: C

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	4	3	0	0	0	7
NNE	0	8	3	3	0	0	14
NE	1	5	0	0	0	0	6
ENE	0	7	3	0	0	0	10
E	0	2	0	1	0	0	3
ESE	0	3	3	0	0	0	6
SE	0	4	1	0	0	0	5
SSE	0	1	3	1	0	0	5
S	1	2	8	5	0	0	16
SSW	0	3	6	2	2	0	13
SW	0	2	2	4	0	0	8
WSW	0	1	5	6	1	0	13
W	0	4	1	1	1	0	7
WNW	0	3	6	6	1	1	17
NW	2	3	2	0	1	0	8
NNW	0	8	0	1	0	0	9
TOTAL	4	60	46	30	6	1	147
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :				0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		221
VARIABLE DIRECTION :				0			

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: C

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	
N	0	5	2	2	0	0	9
NNE	0	4	13	0	1	0	18
NE	2	7	3	2	0	0	14
ENE	1	4	1	0	0	0	6
E	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
ESE	2	2	0	0	0	0	4
SE	1	5	0	0	0	0	6
SSE	3	2	4	0	0	0	9
S	4	9	10	0	0	0	23
SSW	0	3	3	3	0	0	9
SW	1	4	7	2	0	0	14
WSW	0	5	5	1	0	0	11
W	0	4	5	0	1	0	10
WNW	0	5	7	3	0	0	15
NW	0	3	3	0	0	0	6
NNW	0	8	1	0	0	0	9
TOTAL	14	70	66	13	2	0	165
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			108
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: C

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	
N	0	1	2	1	0	0	4
NNE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
NE	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
ENE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
SE	0	2	2	0	0	0	4
SSE	0	3	3	3	0	0	9
S	0	0	3	6	1	0	10
SSW	0	0	5	0	0	0	5
SW	0	2	10	4	1	0	17
WSW	0	3	7	14	0	1	25
W	0	2	4	6	0	0	12
WNW	0	7	3	10	2	0	22
NW	0	3	1	3	2	0	9
NNW	0	3	3	0	0	0	6
TOTAL	0	33	45	47	6	1	132
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			13
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: D

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	4	12	36	2	0	0	54
NNE	7	12	18	6	0	0	43
NE	6	22	10	11	0	0	49
ENE	1	20	2	0	0	0	23
E	5	19	4	0	0	0	28
ESE	2	30	2	0	0	0	34
SE	4	13	5	0	0	0	22
SSE	5	16	20	0	0	0	41
S	5	15	35	1	0	0	56
SSW	3	21	16	5	1	0	46
SW	1	16	10	2	0	0	29
WSW	1	8	28	0	3	0	40
W	3	34	49	14	1	0	101
WNW	4	38	58	15	1	0	116
NW	6	33	80	19	0	0	138
NNW	2	17	29	0	0	0	48
TOTAL	59	326	402	75	6	0	868
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			3	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			265
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: D

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	1	19	13	1	0	0	34
NNE	0	15	15	3	0	0	33
NE	2	11	19	4	0	0	36
ENE	2	16	26	0	0	0	44
E	2	15	7	1	0	0	25
ESE	3	24	18	1	0	0	46
SE	5	17	9	0	0	0	31
SSE	2	20	12	2	0	0	36
S	2	12	28	32	3	0	77
SSW	3	13	16	30	8	0	70
SW	4	6	20	11	1	0	42
WSW	0	10	17	4	2	0	33
W	2	11	13	10	2	0	38
WNW	1	6	26	7	2	0	42
NW	1	6	18	11	1	0	37
NNW	6	13	8	2	1	0	30
TOTAL	36	214	265	119	20	0	654
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			221
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: D

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	8	13	8	0	0	29
NNE	1	13	17	1	2	0	34
NE	2	18	7	5	0	0	32
ENE	2	2	8	0	0	0	12
E	2	11	3	0	0	0	16
ESE	11	12	0	0	0	0	23
SE	4	18	5	0	0	0	27
SSE	4	33	19	10	0	0	66
S	5	11	18	7	0	0	41
SSW	4	13	16	6	0	0	39
SW	1	15	6	6	0	0	28
WSW	2	13	7	2	2	0	26
W	1	11	8	4	1	0	25
WNW	1	10	15	4	0	0	30
NW	2	17	9	4	0	0	32
NNW	0	11	7	5	0	0	23
TOTAL	42	216	158	62	5	0	483
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			108
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: D

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	2	14	26	3	0	0	45
NNE	1	8	29	8	0	0	46
NE	2	5	14	6	0	0	27
ENE	1	6	0	0	0	0	7
E	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	8	17	7	0	0	0	32
SE	3	15	33	17	0	0	68
SSE	2	8	34	18	2	0	64
S	0	8	44	46	24	0	122
SSW	3	14	40	32	9	0	98
SW	2	19	32	7	6	0	66
WSW	1	3	33	34	7	1	79
W	1	15	51	29	7	2	105
WNW	2	14	39	31	3	0	89
NW	0	9	30	14	1	0	54
NNW	4	10	16	5	0	0	35
TOTAL	33	165	428	250	59	3	938
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			13
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: E

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	3	3	0	0	0	0	6
NNE	2	7	2	0	0	0	11
NE	5	4	0	0	0	0	9
ENE	3	8	0	0	0	0	11
E	2	10	1	0	0	0	13
ESE	2	5	2	0	0	0	9
SE	0	8	1	1	0	0	10
SSE	1	9	4	1	0	0	15
S	4	18	24	7	1	0	54
SSW	7	31	7	4	0	0	49
SW	9	21	3	0	0	0	33
WSW	10	11	1	1	1	0	24
W	4	18	5	7	0	0	34
WNW	3	22	6	0	0	0	31
NW	6	11	1	0	0	0	18
NNW	2	8	0	0	0	0	10
TOTAL	63	194	57	21	2	0	337
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			3	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			265
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: E

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	1	10	0	0	0	0	11
NNE	2	4	1	0	0	0	7
NE	2	15	7	0	0	0	24
ENE	11	23	4	0	0	0	38
E	6	23	3	0	0	0	32
ESE	8	25	3	0	0	0	36
SE	11	12	2	0	0	0	25
SSE	6	16	6	2	0	0	30
S	9	26	51	9	0	0	95
SSW	10	30	26	3	4	0	73
SW	5	16	26	2	0	0	49
WSW	7	14	13	0	0	0	34
W	7	13	4	0	0	0	24
WNW	4	16	7	0	0	0	27
NW	4	12	1	0	0	0	17
NNW	2	13	0	0	0	0	15
TOTAL	95	268	154	16	4	0	537
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			221
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: E

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	>24	
N	1	8	2	0	0	0	11
NNE	1	6	4	0	0	0	11
NE	10	34	7	0	0	0	51
ENE	3	17	3	0	0	0	23
E	10	15	0	0	0	0	25
ESE	13	13	0	0	0	0	26
SE	12	22	3	0	0	0	37
SSE	13	47	10	0	0	0	70
S	14	45	10	1	0	0	70
SSW	10	29	10	1	0	0	50
SW	8	19	7	2	0	0	36
WSW	8	19	2	0	0	0	29
W	1	27	5	0	0	0	33
WNW	2	12	1	0	0	0	15
NW	1	10	3	0	0	0	14
NNW	4	6	3	1	0	0	14
TOTAL	111	329	70	5	0	0	515
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			108
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: E

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	>24	
N	1	4	4	0	0	0	9
NNE	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
NE	1	5	2	0	0	0	8
ENE	5	2	1	0	0	0	8
E	6	5	0	0	0	0	11
ESE	8	9	1	0	0	0	18
SE	4	27	12	2	0	0	45
SSE	5	27	40	1	0	0	73
S	5	30	61	17	0	0	113
SSW	4	18	60	8	0	0	90
SW	3	17	18	5	0	0	43
WSW	2	12	12	4	0	0	30
W	1	14	13	7	0	0	35
WNW	3	15	14	0	0	0	32
NW	1	10	4	0	0	0	15
NNW	1	1	3	0	0	0	5
TOTAL	52	196	245	44	0	0	537
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			13
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: F

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	
N	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
NNE	4	12	0	0	0	0	16
NE	5	14	0	0	0	0	19
ENE	3	2	0	0	0	0	5
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	5	1	0	0	0	6
S	1	2	1	0	0	0	4
SSW	12	17	0	0	0	0	29
SW	4	12	0	0	0	0	16
WSW	2	5	1	0	0	0	8
W	3	9	0	0	0	0	12
WNW	1	5	3	0	0	0	9
NW	2	4	1	0	0	0	7
NNW	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
TOTAL	43	88	7	0	0	0	138
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			3	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			265
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: F

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	
N	2	2	1	0	0	0	5
NNE	1	3	0	0	0	0	4
NE	6	1	1	0	0	0	8
ENE	5	3	0	0	0	0	8
E	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
ESE	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
SE	8	7	0	0	0	0	15
SSE	6	9	0	0	0	0	15
S	4	8	0	0	0	0	12
SSW	5	4	4	0	0	0	13
SW	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
WSW	4	2	0	0	0	0	6
W	5	8	0	0	0	0	13
WNW	3	5	0	0	0	0	8
NW	1	4	0	0	0	0	5
NNW	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
TOTAL	58	59	6	0	0	0	123
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			221
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: F

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	5	6	0	0	0	0	11
NNE	6	6	1	0	0	0	13
NE	13	32	1	0	0	0	46
ENE	7	14	0	0	0	0	21
E	9	4	0	0	0	0	13
ESE	11	2	0	0	0	0	13
SE	4	5	0	0	0	0	9
SSE	9	5	0	0	0	0	14
S	4	2	0	0	0	0	6
SSW	12	6	0	0	0	0	18
SW	9	8	0	0	0	0	17
WSW	11	12	0	0	0	0	23
W	9	11	1	0	0	0	21
WNW	5	11	0	0	0	0	16
NW	5	11	1	0	0	0	17
NNW	0	6	0	0	0	0	6
TOTAL	119	141	4	0	0	0	264
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			108
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: F

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	2	5	0	0	0	0	7
NNE	1	5	3	0	0	0	9
NE	3	11	1	0	0	0	15
ENE	3	5	0	0	0	0	8
E	7	2	0	0	0	0	9
ESE	5	3	0	0	0	0	8
SE	3	14	0	0	0	0	17
SSE	3	17	3	0	0	0	23
S	2	11	5	0	0	0	18
SSW	4	15	4	0	0	0	23
SW	3	17	3	0	0	0	23
WSW	3	13	3	0	0	0	19
W	1	5	0	0	0	0	6
WNW	2	3	2	0	0	0	7
NW	1	4	2	0	0	0	7
NNW	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	44	130	26	0	0	0	200
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			13
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: G

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
NNE	1	5	0	0	0	0	6
NE	2	4	0	0	0	0	6
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
S	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SSW	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
SW	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
WSW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
W	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
WNW	0	6	0	0	0	0	6
NW	0	4	2	0	0	0	6
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	8	21	2	0	0	0	31
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			3	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			265
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: G

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
NNE	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
NE	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
ENE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
E	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	5	0	0	0	0	0	5
SE	4	2	0	0	0	0	6
SSE	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
S	2	2	0	0	0	0	4
SSW	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
SW	1	3	0	0	0	0	4
WSW	3	3	0	0	0	0	6
W	8	6	0	0	0	0	14
WNW	5	2	0	0	0	0	7
NW	6	5	0	0	0	0	11
NNW	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
TOTAL	46	29	0	0	0	0	75
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			221
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: G

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	5	0	0	0	0	0	5
NNE	15	12	0	0	0	0	27
NE	21	25	0	0	0	0	46
ENE	12	4	0	0	0	0	16
E	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
ESE	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
SE	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
SSE	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
S	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
SSW	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
SW	2	2	0	0	0	0	4
WSW	4	5	0	0	0	0	9
W	7	1	0	0	0	0	8
WNW	10	3	0	0	0	0	13
NW	12	9	0	0	0	0	21
NNW	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
TOTAL	109	63	0	0	0	0	172
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		108	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: G

10 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
NNE	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
NE	4	5	0	0	0	0	9
ENE	6	0	0	0	0	0	6
E	6	2	0	0	0	0	8
ESE	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
SE	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
SSE	3	1	0	0	0	0	4
S	5	6	0	0	0	0	11
SSW	3	3	0	0	0	0	6
SW	2	2	0	0	0	0	4
WSW	4	1	0	0	0	0	5
W	2	2	0	0	0	0	4
WNW	2	6	0	0	0	0	8
NW	3	2	0	0	0	0	5
NNW	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
TOTAL	46	34	0	0	0	0	80
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		13	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: A

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	2	4	8	0	0	14
NNE	0	0	3	3	0	1	7
NE	0	3	3	10	0	0	16
ENE	0	4	7	1	0	0	12
E	0	5	17	0	0	0	22
ESE	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
SE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
SSE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
S	0	3	2	11	2	0	18
SSW	1	1	8	2	0	0	12
SW	1	4	8	1	0	0	14
WSW	0	3	4	1	0	0	8
W	0	1	11	9	0	1	22
WNW	0	1	10	5	2	0	18
NW	0	8	10	14	20	0	52
NNW	2	6	6	3	2	0	19
TOTAL	4	44	96	68	26	2	240
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		265	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: A

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	0	6	8	0	0	14
NNE	0	0	1	1	2	0	4
NE	0	0	2	1	5	3	11
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	1	4	5	4	0	14
ESE	0	7	4	0	0	0	11
SE	1	5	10	7	0	0	23
SSE	0	6	8	8	1	0	23
S	1	2	7	17	7	1	35
SSW	0	0	12	20	8	0	40
SW	0	1	5	16	7	0	29
WSW	0	2	4	17	2	1	26
W	0	1	3	18	1	2	25
WNW	0	0	6	3	4	5	18
NW	0	1	7	0	0	1	9
NNW	0	0	5	0	7	0	12
TOTAL	2	26	84	121	48	13	294
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		222	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: A

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	1	1	5	1	0	8
NNE	0	4	17	2	0	0	23
NE	1	5	5	9	1	0	21
ENE	0	2	5	0	0	0	7
E	0	8	3	0	0	0	11
ESE	4	14	0	0	0	0	18
SE	2	17	3	0	1	0	23
SSE	5	30	20	3	0	0	58
S	3	16	8	2	0	0	29
SSW	2	12	6	2	0	0	22
SW	0	4	8	2	1	0	15
WSW	1	6	3	3	0	0	13
W	0	2	4	7	0	0	13
WNW	0	2	7	1	0	0	10
NW	0	2	1	10	0	0	13
NNW	0	1	5	7	0	0	13
TOTAL	18	126	96	53	4	0	297
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			104
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: A

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENE	0	0	4	0	0	0	4
E	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
ESE	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
SE	0	8	5	1	0	1	15
SSE	0	1	6	1	10	2	20
S	0	0	10	3	7	0	20
SSW	0	3	13	5	2	0	23
SW	0	1	2	10	6	0	19
WSW	0	0	1	5	3	3	12
W	0	1	0	16	3	2	22
WNW	0	0	0	7	11	1	19
NW	0	0	7	2	1	1	11
NNW	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
TOTAL	0	15	51	50	43	11	170
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			13
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: B

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	
N	0	0	2	3	0	0	5
NNE	0	2	0	4	0	2	8
NE	0	2	1	2	0	0	5
ENE	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
E	0	0	3	2	0	0	5
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
SSE	1	0	0	2	0	0	3
S	0	1	0	2	0	0	3
SSW	1	3	4	5	2	0	15
SW	0	0	4	4	1	0	9
WSW	1	1	9	0	0	0	11
W	0	1	9	6	1	2	19
WNW	0	3	6	3	0	0	12
NW	0	3	9	4	5	0	21
NNW	0	0	6	3	1	0	10
TOTAL	3	18	53	41	10	4	129
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		265	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: B

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	
N	0	2	3	4	1	0	10
NNE	0	0	4	1	0	0	5
NE	0	1	0	2	1	0	4
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	1	0	1	0	0	2
ESE	1	3	2	0	0	0	6
SE	1	2	1	2	0	0	6
SSE	1	2	4	0	4	0	11
S	0	4	0	5	2	0	11
SSW	0	2	0	11	7	0	20
SW	0	2	7	2	1	0	12
WSW	0	1	4	4	2	5	16
W	0	1	5	4	0	0	10
WNW	0	1	0	4	2	0	7
NW	0	4	1	3	0	0	8
NNW	0	0	1	0	2	0	3
TOTAL	3	26	32	43	22	5	131
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		222	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: B

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	3	8	1	0	0	12
NNE	0	8	4	4	0	0	16
NE	0	1	4	5	0	0	10
ENE	0	4	2	1	0	0	7
E	3	2	0	0	0	0	5
ESE	4	3	2	0	0	0	9
SE	3	2	3	3	0	0	11
SSE	6	6	6	2	0	0	20
S	0	4	6	5	1	0	16
SSW	3	2	5	2	0	0	12
SW	1	6	6	4	0	0	17
WSW	1	6	3	1	1	0	12
W	0	7	8	4	0	0	19
WNW	1	5	5	1	0	0	12
NW	0	4	0	2	0	0	6
NNW	0	6	12	4	0	0	22
TOTAL	22	69	74	39	2	0	206
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			104
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: B

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NE	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
ENE	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
SE	0	2	1	0	0	1	4
SSE	0	0	3	3	2	1	9
S	0	0	6	7	1	2	16
SSW	0	8	10	8	0	1	27
SW	1	2	14	6	0	1	24
WSW	0	2	6	5	1	2	16
W	0	1	2	9	1	2	15
WNW	0	2	3	3	2	1	11
NW	0	0	2	0	2	0	4
NNW	0	0	4	1	0	0	5
TOTAL	2	19	54	42	9	11	137
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			13
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: C

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	0	0	5	4	0	9
NNE	0	0	2	5	4	2	13
NE	0	3	3	1	0	1	8
ENE	0	0	2	2	0	0	4
E	0	0	2	0	1	0	3
ESE	1	0	0	1	0	0	2
SE	0	0	2	1	0	0	3
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	0	2	1	4	0	0	7
SSW	0	2	2	3	1	0	8
SW	0	2	1	3	0	0	6
WSW	0	1	2	1	0	2	6
W	0	3	7	4	0	5	19
WNW	1	1	6	3	5	3	19
NW	1	2	8	5	13	1	30
NNW	0	2	3	6	0	0	11
TOTAL	3	18	41	44	28	14	148
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		265	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: C

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	4	7	2	0	0	13
NNE	0	6	3	1	2	0	12
NE	0	1	1	1	0	0	3
ENE	0	1	0	0	2	0	3
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	4	2	0	0	0	6
SE	1	0	6	0	0	0	7
SSE	0	1	6	1	1	0	9
S	0	2	2	6	3	1	14
SSW	0	0	3	5	1	4	13
SW	0	2	1	5	5	0	13
WSW	0	5	6	1	5	3	20
W	0	3	2	2	0	1	8
WNW	1	0	1	2	0	0	4
NW	1	4	3	0	0	1	9
NNW	1	7	3	1	1	0	13
TOTAL	4	40	46	27	20	10	147
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		222	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: C

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	4	12	5	1	0	22
NNE	1	6	2	3	0	0	12
NE	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
ENE	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
E	3	2	3	0	0	0	8
ESE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
SE	3	1	5	3	0	0	12
SSE	3	5	9	1	0	0	18
S	0	3	3	2	1	0	9
SSW	2	3	4	4	1	0	14
SW	1	2	5	2	2	0	12
WSW	0	5	4	2	1	0	12
W	1	4	5	2	1	0	13
WNW	0	0	2	3	0	0	5
NW	0	7	4	1	0	0	12
NNW	0	3	3	2	1	0	9
TOTAL	14	50	62	32	8	0	166
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			104
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: C

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
NNE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
NE	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
ENE	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
SE	0	2	2	1	0	1	6
SSE	0	2	0	3	2	1	8
S	0	0	1	3	3	0	7
SSW	0	1	3	3	0	1	8
SW	0	1	12	5	3	0	21
WSW	0	2	5	5	9	1	22
W	0	2	2	5	4	0	13
WNW	0	6	3	2	7	2	20
NW	0	2	1	2	3	0	8
NNW	0	2	5	0	1	0	8
TOTAL	1	23	40	30	32	6	132
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			13
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: D

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	7	16	41	3	0	67
NNE	1	12	9	21	4	1	48
NE	1	4	15	4	4	11	39
ENE	0	1	14	8	2	0	25
E	0	1	12	13	6	0	32
ESE	0	8	12	7	1	0	28
SE	0	2	8	5	3	0	18
SSE	2	3	11	21	6	2	45
S	0	5	7	17	19	0	48
SSW	0	8	20	10	6	4	48
SW	0	0	18	13	1	2	34
WSW	1	3	5	34	2	4	49
W	2	4	25	35	14	10	90
WNW	0	7	27	40	12	1	87
NW	4	9	39	72	21	3	148
NNW	1	7	24	26	4	0	62
TOTAL	12	81	262	367	108	38	868
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		265	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: D

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	1	19	18	15	1	0	54
NNE	2	6	11	20	7	2	48
NE	1	3	9	19	6	3	41
ENE	0	3	4	15	13	3	38
E	0	3	10	5	0	0	18
ESE	1	11	5	1	0	0	18
SE	2	6	12	8	0	0	28
SSE	1	6	20	11	8	4	50
S	5	6	10	25	18	20	84
SSW	1	4	14	14	18	21	72
SW	1	3	12	10	2	3	31
WSW	1	3	14	17	4	3	42
W	1	1	9	8	6	4	29
WNW	3	5	2	9	3	1	23
NW	3	12	14	14	7	2	52
NNW	1	13	7	3	2	0	26
TOTAL	24	104	171	194	95	66	654
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		222	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: D

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	1	14	16	4	1	2	38
NNE	0	3	8	15	5	0	31
NE	1	4	2	4	0	0	11
ENE	2	2	5	1	0	0	10
E	5	10	9	0	0	0	24
ESE	0	9	10	1	0	0	20
SE	0	5	27	6	2	0	40
SSE	1	12	17	11	14	0	55
S	3	7	13	18	5	0	46
SSW	4	4	11	5	1	0	25
SW	2	5	13	4	5	0	29
WSW	4	7	8	5	5	0	29
W	1	6	10	10	5	0	32
WNW	3	10	14	2	1	1	31
NW	0	7	8	14	1	0	30
NNW	1	0	18	8	5	0	32
TOTAL	28	105	189	108	50	3	483
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			104
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: D

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	5	20	19	4	0	48
NNE	2	5	12	19	1	0	39
NE	1	2	14	6	6	3	32
ENE	1	1	1	0	0	0	3
E	2	3	2	0	0	0	7
ESE	3	6	11	2	0	0	22
SE	1	8	21	16	15	7	68
SSE	1	2	11	29	29	10	82
S	0	6	6	32	24	40	108
SSW	0	11	15	37	26	10	99
SW	0	10	18	27	12	5	72
WSW	0	2	18	36	25	11	92
W	0	4	20	37	14	6	81
WNW	2	8	23	36	12	0	81
NW	0	7	19	27	11	1	65
NNW	2	10	12	13	2	0	39
TOTAL	15	90	223	336	181	93	938
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			13
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: E

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	1	2	3	5	0	0	11
NNE	1	0	1	6	0	0	8
NE	0	1	7	2	0	0	10
ENE	0	0	2	2	0	0	4
E	0	1	2	8	5	0	16
ESE	0	2	6	4	1	0	13
SE	0	0	2	4	0	1	7
SSE	0	1	4	6	6	1	18
S	1	0	8	13	13	14	49
SSW	0	4	10	20	4	0	38
SW	2	1	17	18	2	1	41
WSW	3	3	12	10	0	1	29
W	0	3	14	8	3	4	32
WNW	0	2	4	14	1	0	21
NW	3	2	14	8	1	0	28
NNW	1	3	6	2	0	0	12
TOTAL	12	25	112	130	36	22	337
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			265
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: E

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	7	8	0	0	0	15
NNE	1	3	16	6	0	0	26
NE	0	5	9	8	6	0	28
ENE	3	0	16	14	3	0	36
E	0	3	4	7	4	0	18
ESE	1	8	16	0	0	0	25
SE	1	11	13	3	0	0	28
SSE	0	17	12	31	3	2	65
S	1	3	15	59	13	8	99
SSW	0	13	17	35	5	3	73
SW	1	9	6	17	0	0	33
WSW	0	7	7	5	0	0	19
W	0	5	13	1	0	0	19
WNW	2	4	13	9	0	0	28
NW	1	7	8	0	0	0	16
NNW	1	1	4	3	0	0	9
TOTAL	12	103	177	198	34	13	537
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			222
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: E

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	2	4	8	6	0	0	20
NNE	0	3	7	27	0	0	37
NE	1	5	6	16	0	0	28
ENE	0	2	16	5	0	0	23
E	0	3	3	0	0	0	6
ESE	0	18	8	4	0	0	30
SE	3	22	34	16	0	0	75
SSE	3	21	50	16	0	0	90
S	5	6	20	13	3	0	47
SSW	2	8	12	7	1	0	30
SW	1	7	12	9	0	0	29
WSW	4	4	22	13	0	0	43
W	3	1	9	2	0	0	15
WNW	1	3	9	0	1	0	14
NW	0	5	7	7	0	0	19
NNW	0	2	4	3	0	0	9
TOTAL	25	114	227	144	5	0	515
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			104
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: E

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	1	3	3	7	0	0	14
NNE	0	1	2	0	0	0	3
NE	3	0	1	2	1	0	7
ENE	0	2	3	4	0	0	9
E	1	4	3	3	0	0	11
ESE	0	6	4	1	0	0	11
SE	1	7	19	14	4	1	46
SSE	0	0	14	42	16	0	72
S	0	2	15	46	25	3	91
SSW	1	3	14	55	21	0	94
SW	2	4	12	35	11	0	64
WSW	0	3	13	10	7	0	33
W	1	2	16	11	2	0	32
WNW	0	2	12	12	1	0	27
NW	0	0	5	7	1	0	13
NNW	0	3	7	0	0	0	10
TOTAL	10	42	143	249	89	4	537
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :			13
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: F

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	1	2	1	1	0	0	5
NNE	0	0	2	6	2	0	10
NE	0	0	4	11	2	0	17
ENE	0	0	4	5	0	0	9
E	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
S	1	0	0	4	4	0	9
SSW	0	1	5	8	2	0	16
SW	1	5	4	15	0	0	25
WSW	1	1	0	9	0	0	11
W	2	1	3	5	0	0	11
WNW	0	0	1	6	0	0	7
NW	1	1	0	7	0	0	9
NNW	0	3	2	1	0	0	6
TOTAL	9	16	26	78	10	0	139
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		265	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: F

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	2	3	4	0	0	0	9
NNE	2	1	4	3	0	0	10
NE	0	2	3	1	0	0	6
ENE	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
E	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
ESE	1	3	0	0	0	0	4
SE	1	6	0	5	0	0	12
SSE	1	9	3	3	0	0	16
S	1	3	7	3	0	0	14
SSW	0	4	1	5	1	0	11
SW	0	4	5	2	0	0	11
WSW	0	2	4	1	0	0	7
W	0	0	3	0	0	0	3
WNW	0	1	8	0	0	0	9
NW	0	0	1	1	0	0	2
NNW	1	1	2	1	0	0	5
TOTAL	9	40	48	25	1	0	123
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		222	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: F

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	1	3	3	0	0	0	7
NNE	1	2	7	23	0	0	33
NE	1	5	8	12	0	0	26
ENE	0	6	11	2	0	0	19
E	3	8	6	0	0	0	17
ESE	1	3	5	1	0	0	10
SE	0	1	5	0	0	0	6
SSE	2	11	1	1	0	0	15
S	4	9	3	1	0	0	17
SSW	2	2	7	0	0	0	11
SW	2	6	10	6	0	0	24
WSW	1	1	14	7	0	0	23
W	1	0	7	1	0	0	9
WNW	4	2	9	3	0	0	18
NW	1	2	6	3	0	0	12
NNW	0	3	11	3	0	0	17
TOTAL	24	64	113	63	0	0	264
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		104	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: F

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1 - 3	4 - 7	8 - 12	13 - 18	19 - 24	> 24	
N	0	1	4	1	0	0	6
NNE	0	1	0	8	0	0	9
NE	0	1	3	7	1	0	12
ENE	0	1	4	4	0	0	9
E	2	1	4	2	0	0	9
ESE	0	4	3	0	0	0	7
SE	0	2	7	2	0	0	11
SSE	1	0	5	6	1	0	13
S	1	0	8	14	1	0	24
SSW	1	2	7	22	3	0	35
SW	0	4	4	16	1	0	25
WSW	0	1	3	13	0	0	17
W	0	1	3	2	0	0	6
WNW	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
NW	0	1	3	4	0	0	8
NNW	0	0	3	2	0	0	5
TOTAL	5	21	64	103	7	0	200
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		13	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: G

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 1

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	
N	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
NNE	0	0	0	3	1	0	4
NE	0	0	0	4	0	0	4
ENE	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SSE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
SSW	2	1	1	1	0	0	5
SW	1	0	0	1	0	0	2
WSW	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WNW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NW	0	0	1	6	0	0	7
NNW	0	0	0	4	1	0	5
TOTAL	3	3	4	21	2	0	33
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		265	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: G

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 2

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	
N	1	0	2	0	0	0	3
NNE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
NE	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
ENE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
ESE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SE	0	2	1	0	0	0	3
SSE	0	3	3	2	0	0	8
S	1	1	2	1	0	0	5
SSW	2	0	4	0	0	0	6
SW	1	4	4	5	0	0	14
WSW	1	3	5	2	0	0	11
W	0	1	6	0	0	0	7
WNW	0	1	4	0	0	0	5
NW	1	0	4	0	0	0	5
NNW	0	1	3	0	0	0	4
TOTAL	7	19	39	10	0	0	75
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		222	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

TABLE 18 (continued)

JOINT WIND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION BY STABILITY CLASS

Stability Class: G

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 3

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	
N	2	1	4	1	0	0	8
NNE	1	5	12	10	1	0	29
NE	1	1	12	14	0	0	28
ENE	4	3	16	1	0	0	24
E	3	10	3	0	0	0	16
ESE	2	1	0	0	0	0	3
SE	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
SSE	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
S	4	0	0	0	0	0	4
SSW	2	0	3	0	0	0	5
SW	3	2	4	1	0	0	10
WSW	4	6	2	1	0	0	13
W	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
WNW	0	3	3	0	0	0	6
NW	0	1	9	1	0	0	11
NNW	2	1	4	1	0	0	8
TOTAL	29	40	72	30	1	0	172
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		104	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

Stability Class: G

60 Meter Height

Quarter: 4

WIND DIRECTION	WIND SPEED (MPH)						TOTAL
	1-3	4-7	8-12	13-18	19-24	> 24	
N	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
NNE	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
NE	2	1	1	0	0	0	4
ENE	0	0	1	2	0	0	3
E	0	0	4	1	0	0	5
ESE	0	5	4	0	0	0	9
SE	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
SSE	0	3	2	0	0	0	5
S	1	3	3	2	0	0	9
SSW	0	3	10	3	0	0	16
SW	0	3	3	0	0	0	6
WSW	0	0	5	0	0	0	5
W	0	0	3	2	0	0	5
WNW	0	0	1	3	0	0	4
NW	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
NNW	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
TOTAL	4	18	39	19	0	0	80
PERIODS OF CALM (HOURS) :			0	HOURS OF MISSING DATA :		13	
VARIABLE DIRECTION :			0				

SECTION 8

ODCM OPERATIONAL REMEDIAL REQUIREMENT REPORTS

SECTION 8

ODCM OPERATIONAL REMEDIAL REQUIREMENT REPORTS

In accordance with CPS ODCM section[s] 2.7.1 and 3.9.2, INOPERABLE radioactive liquid and gaseous effluent monitoring instrumentation channels remaining in an INOPERABLE condition for greater than thirty (30) days shall be reported in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

During the course of 2001, there were zero (0) instances when either the radioactive liquid and / or the gaseous effluent instrumentation channels were INOPERABLE for greater than a thirty (30) day period.

SECTION 9

CHANGES TO RADIOACTIVE WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEMS

SECTION 9

CHANGES TO RADIOACTIVE WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEMS

In accordance with the CPS ODCM section 7.2, licensee-initiated changes to the liquid, gaseous or solid radioactive waste treatment systems shall be reported in the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report.

No changes to any of the Waste Treatment Systems were implemented during the course of the 2001 reporting period.

SECTION 10

NEW LOCATIONS FOR DOSE CALCULATION AND / OR ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

SECTION 10

NEW LOCATIONS FOR DOSE CALCULATION AND / OR ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

The following is a summary of the 2001 Annual Land Use Census. It shows changes in locations for dose calculations and / or environmental monitoring identified by the Annual Land Use Census. The distance of the receptor is being listed in the report in lieu of the name of the resident. This is being done to maintain and respect the privacy of the residents.

1.0 Nearest Residence

The nearest residents identified in each of the sixteen (16) sectors are shown below. An asterisk notes any changes from the previous year below (*)

SECTOR	2001 RESIDENT (miles)	AGE GROUP	2000 RESIDENT (miles)	AGE GROUP
N	0.9	T,A	0.9	T,A
NNE	1.0	A	1.0	A
* NE	1.3	T,A	1.3	C,A
ENE	1.8	A	1.8	A
E	1.0	A	1.0	A
* ESE	3.2	A	3.2	C,A
SE	2.8	A	2.8	A
SSE	1.8	A	1.8	A
S	3.0	A	3.0	A
SSW	2.9	A	2.9	A
SW	0.7	A	0.7	A
WSW	1.6	A	1.6	A
W	1.6	T,A	1.6	T,A
* WNW	1.6	A	1.6	T,A
NW	1.6	T,A	1.6	T,A
NNW	1.7	A	1.7	A

(I)nfant

(C)hild

(T)een

(A)dult

SECTION 10 (continued)

2.0 Broadleaf Garden Census

One-hundred-ten (110) gardens within a five (5) mile radius were located in the sixteen (16) geographical sectors surrounding CPS that contained broad leaf vegetation, which were specifically identified for this report. Although other crops were identified within these areas, they are not addressed as part of this report.

The nearest gardens identified in each of the sixteen (16) geographical sectors are shown below. An asterisk notes any changes from the previous year below (*).

SECTOR	2001 GARDENS (miles)	AGE GROUPS	2000 GARDENS (miles)	AGE GROUPS
N	0.9	T,A	0.9	T,A
NNE	2.9	A	2.9	A
* NE	2.1	T,A	2.1	A
ENE	2.6	A	2.6	A
E	1.0	A	1.0	A
* ESE	3.3	T,A	3.3	C,A
* SE	4.4	C,T,A	>5	N/A
* SSE	2.8	A	2.8	C,A
S	3.0	A	3.0	A
SSW	>5	N/A	>5	N/A
SW	3.6	A	3.6	A
WSW	2.2	A	2.2	A
* W	2.1	A	1.6	T,A
WNW	1.6	A	1.6	A
NW	2.9	C,A	2.9	C,A
* NNW	>5	N/A	2.3	A

(I)nfant

(C)hild

(T)een

(A)dult

SECTION 10 (continued)

3.0 Milking Animal Census

There were twelve (12) milking animals within the sixteen (16) geographical sectors located within five (5) miles surrounding CPS. These milking animals were either used for the nursing of their offspring or used for meat production for their own personal use and sold commercially). There were no residents that milked their animals for human consumption.

Milking animals were specifically identified for this report. Although other livestock were identified within these areas, they are not addressed as part of this report.

The nearest milking animals identified in each of the sixteen (16) geographical sectors are shown below. An asterisk notes any changes from the previous year below (*).

SECTOR	2001 MILKING ANIMALS (miles)	AGE GROUPS	2000 MILKING ANIMALS (miles)	AGE GROUPS
N	0.9	T,A	0.9	T,A
NNE	1.3	A	1.3	A
NE	3.4	A	3.4	A
ENE	4.8	A	4.8	A
E	1.0	A	1.0	A
ESE	>5	N/A	>5	N/A
* SE	4.4	C,T,A	>5	N/A
SSE	>5	N/A	>5	N/A
S	>5	N/A	>5	N/A
SSW	3.4	A	3.4	A
SW	3.6	A	3.6	A
WSW	3.4	A	3.4	A
W	2.1	T,A	2.1	T,A
WNW	>5	N/A	>5	N/A
NW	2.4	A	2.4	A
NNW	1.3	A	1.3	A

(I)nfant

(C)hild

(T)een

(A)dult

SECTION 11

CORRECTIONS TO DATA REPORTED IN PREVIOUS REPORTS

SECTION 11

CORRECTIONS TO DATA REPORTED IN PREVIOUS REPORTS

There was one (1) correction to the 2000 Annual Effluent Release Report.

1. The statement on page nine (9) under Dose Assessment states in part...."The radiation dose to people in the area surrounding CPS is calculated for each release using the concentrations of radioactive material and **the weather conditions present at the time of the release**".... is inaccurate. The sentence should have been worded such that"The radiation dose to the public in the area surrounding CPS is calculated for each release **using historical weather conditions** coupled with the concentrations of radioactive material present"....

SECTION 12

CHANGES TO THE OFF-SITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL

SECTION 12

CHANGES TO THE OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL

CPS is required to report any changes to the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual. As such, there were no revision[s] made to the CPS ODCM in 2001, which has been included in this section.